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British Officers On Trial—See Back Page

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## COMMENT OF THE DAY

### A Hot Potato

GIVE Mr. Patten his due: he is engagingly frank on the subject of Hong Kong refugees. "The potato is too hot" to be dealt with decisively now, he says, and so a decision on whether 670,000 people in this Colony are to receive any kind of international assistance is postponed for possibly another six months. The UNREF executive committee's decision not to decide provokes amazement and disappointment.

The only ray of hope to emerge from last Thursday's dismal proceedings is that the "hot potato" is to be served up again. To that extent there is still a chance that something can be done and that pricked consciences may yet insist on action before further procrastination. Hong Kong can be thankful it has in Dr. Goodhart, UN High Commissioner for Refugees, a man who does not pull his punches.

Cable reports state that the question of aid for Hong Kong refugees was not on the agenda of last week's committee meeting; it was merely considering two cables from Hong Kong. This cannot be accepted as an excuse for its failure to grasp the nettle. The Hambro report has been in UNREF's hands now for about 18 months and a decision should have been possible long before now.

The point at issue is—or perhaps it would be more true to say "was"—whether the refugees fell within the terms of the statute of the High Commissioner's office, for he does not extend his protection to people who can be protected by their own government. And it is claimed that most of the refugees owe allegiance to the Nationalist Government and can be diplomatically protected by that government in states which recognise it.

We offer the alternative of "was the issue" deliberately because, despite the legal technicalities involved in defining Hong Kong refugees, Dr. Hambro suggested that they were of international concern and he felt it was wrong that they should be denied international assistance. The real issue, then, boils down to this: is an exception to be made of Hong Kong refugees? One has only to be reminded that a special organisation was created for Arab refugees from Israel to realise that it could.

ONE wonders also whether the fact that Britain does not recognise the Nationalist Government and that the movement of refugees from Hong Kong to Formosa in recent years could more properly be described as a trickle than a flow, makes any difference to the technical complications involved. But if UNREF decides it can do nothing, it should have the courage to say so without any more shillyshallying.

And in that event, as it is generally admitted that Hong Kong and Britain cannot be expected to shoulder the refugee burden alone, an idea put forward by Mr. E. F. Szczepanski, of the Hong Kong University about a year ago deserves further consideration. He suggested that an international appeal might be made for a relief fund. This, of course, would have to be administered by the Hong Kong authorities, but periodic reports could be made to contributing nations. And no one should question its ability to use any international aid in the best interests of the refugees—certainly its efforts in the postwar years establish its reputation and benevolent concern beyond any question of doubt.

## Peking Spokesman Discloses Vast Migration Scheme

# MILLION FAMILIES TO MOVE

### Cultivation Of China's Barren Northeast

FROM RENE MCCOLL

Peking, June 3. Enormous numbers of people are to be permanently transferred from one part of China to another in the next ten years.

It may prove to be one of the biggest migrations in history. It is the Chinese version of Russia's idea of opening up "virgin lands" and will involve one million families as a starter. But here's the pay-off—the Chinese people still don't know about the secret into which I am letting you.

This plan was outlined to me by Mr. Liu, be-speckled, fast-talking head of the Bureau of Economics and Planning. "Large Transfer"

In the course of a chat lasting most of three hours, Mr. Liu appeared almost casually of this great internal migration.

He was in the midst of point No. 3 of his plan to cultivate lands and territories hitherto barren or non-cultivated—when he started talking about the "transfer of populations."

I came to with a bang. Liu said mildly, "the scale of transfer is large."

It developed that China means to drain off some of the huge population centres in Honan, Shantung and Hopei and transfer them to the present wilderness up in Sinkiang, Hedlung and the extreme northeastern part of the country.

### Voluntary Scheme

"Do you anticipate any objections in the part of the people leaving their homes and familiar surroundings?" I asked.

Liu looked severe. "This is a totally voluntary scheme," he said, "there can be no compulsion."

I remarked it reminded me of Khrushchev's "virgin lands" reclamation scheme in Russia—but that was the wrong thing to say.

The Chinese hate anything which suggests they are imitators of the Russians or are dependent on them for too much.

Mr. Liu said stiffly that whereas the Russians have sent large numbers of town dwellers to work on their virgin land farms, China will in the main simply transfer peasant tillers and small farmers from one place to another, "although some may prove to be from the cities."

### "Houses Can Wait"

I next asked how the first million families will be housed. Said Mr. Liu: "It is necessary to fill the new land first. Houses can wait until later."

Finally I asked what public reaction had been to the announcement of this startling plan.

Mr. Liu permitted himself a look of surprise behind his glasses. "This is a plan for the future," he replied. "The people haven't been told so far."—London Express Service.

## No Denial Of Nu's Impending Resignation Reports

Rangoon, June 3. A Burmese government spokesman today would not deny reports that neutralist Premier U Nu plans to resign.

The spokesman said tonight that if U Nu decides to give up his office he will present his reasons to the people.

But he did not deny reports in the influential Nation and a host of unofficial reports that the Burmese leader was planning to resign. His comment was a denial of the Nation's statement that the reason for the change is U Nu's disappointment with the Russian and Chinese embassies and their activities here.



Premier U Nu and Indian Premier Jawaharlal Nehru are widely regarded as the principal exponents of Afro-Asian neutralism in the cold war. U Nu's Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League recently swept to victory in parliamentary elections with little serious opposition.

The government spokesman's statement today was the only official reaction so far to widespread reports that U Nu was resigning and would be replaced by Secretary of Defence U Ba Swe. —United Press.

## NOTHING LIKE IT SEEN IN MOSCOW BEFORE

## Crowds Mob Tito And Khrushchev

Moscow, June 3. Soviet Communist Party Chief Secretary, Nikita Khrushchev, and Yugoslav President, Marshal Josip Broz Tito, and his wife were mobbed by thousands of cheering Muscovites here today when they attempted to stroll incognito in a city street.

The surprise appearance of Tito and Khrushchev topped off an afternoon of confusion in which it was reported and then denied that Tito was holding a secret meeting in the country with Khrushchev and other top Soviet leaders.

The crowd, on recognising the two leaders, formed a ring around them and started cheering madly, tossing hats into the air. Security guards accompanying the two leaders were completely overwhelmed by the crowd.

Khrushchev quickly steered Tito and his wife into a fenced area and started cheering madly, tossing hats into the air. Security guards accompanying the two leaders were completely overwhelmed by the crowd.

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## REBELS HARD HIT BY TROOPS

Algiers, June 3. A total of 156 rebels were killed and 150 suspects were apprehended by French troops in "Operation Hope" which ended near the town of Lafayette today.

The rebel dead included two political chiefs and a rebel group leader. Troops captured rebel workshops, warehouses and dozens of weapons, including grenades, mines and cartridges. Meanwhile, other troops wiped out a big rebel band in a helicopter-borne operation, carried out in the mountains near the town of Milana, some 65 miles west of here. This marked the first time that rebels have been spotted in this usually calm sector.

One Moslem terrorist was shot dead by the police and some 100 were held for investigation in joint search operations carried out by police and troops in the port of Philippeville. Thousands of persons were questioned in the operation, which took place in the Arab quarter. The terrorist was shot when he opened fire on the police. —France-Press.

## ANNIVERSARY PLOT: 150 ARRESTED

Buenos Aires, June 3. Police arrested more than 150 people in Argentina early today in an operation to break up what they alleged was a plot for terrorist attacks tomorrow.

Tomorrow is the 13th anniversary of the revolution which paved the way for the dictatorship of ex-President Juan Peron.

Police sources said orders for disruptive activities had been circulated in leaflets carrying what was purported to be the signature of Peron.

They said the plan for tomorrow included the explosion of bombs and the paralyzing of transport, electricity, water and gas services.

At dawn today a loud explosion was heard in the neighborhood of the congress building.

Police refused to say exactly where it occurred. —Reuter.

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## Wife's Hongkong Quest

Klang, Malaya, June 3. A 36-year-old Chinese mother of nine children left here today for Singapore on her way to Hongkong to try and obtain a residence permit in the Colony for her husband who was deported to Communist China by the Malayan Government.

Mrs. Ho Choon Moy told reporters before her departure she would plead with the Hongkong government to allow her husband, Ching Boon-chin, 28, to live in the Colony.

Ching was placed on board the 2,198-ton Norwegian freighter Sandviken which left Port Swettenham for China on Friday with more than 150 political detainees.

Mrs. Ho said her husband was anti-Communist and his life would be in danger in China.

Mrs. Ho said she would fly to Hongkong as soon as she was cleared by the Singapore immigration authorities.

She said if the Hongkong government rejected her request, she would ask friends to contact relatives in Canton to look after her husband.

Ching was arrested under the Malaya government's banishment ordinance in July 1953. Since then, Mrs. Ho has tried but failed to get her husband banished to a country other than China. —Reuter.

## FAST RUSSIAN MINELAYERS SIGHTED OFF DOVER

London, June 3. Two Russian ships passing through the Straits of Dover tonight turned out to be Russian fast destroyer-minelayers flying the Polish flag. The Polish flag was suggestive of their destination. For a few months ago a group of Russian minelayers of a type never seen in Polish hands, and also flying the Polish flag, passed through the Channel and finally arrived in Egypt as part of the arms deal with Oth Nasser.

The two ships turned themselves to pass the north-west tip of Denmark at midnight last Friday.

They made no reply to a signal invitation to identify themselves.

At 8.15 p.m. today they were spotted off Dover and were identified as two of the Russian navy's fast destroyer-minelayers of the Skoryi class.

The ships ignored a Lloyd's signal to identify themselves sent from Dover.

The Skoryi class ships have a displacement of 2,000 tons, displacement four 5.1 inch guns and two 3 inch AA guns, two torpedoes, can carry eight mines, have a speed up to 33 knots and a complement of 250. They have radar.

Russia has been disbanding arm deals with Egypt, but the only explanation for Russian class ships suddenly making an appearance off Dover with the Polish flag seems to be that the Polish flag has again been used as a cover for the Soviet-Egyptian arms deal. —Reuter.

## Drive Against Terrorists Continues

## NICOSIA FOOTBALL CROWD SEARCHED

Nicosia, June 3. British troops today sealed off the Nicosia football stadium while a large Greek Cypriot crowd was watching a match, and searched the spectators as they left the stadium.

The result of the search was not announced.

It was learned here tonight that the member of the security forces killed in a terrorist ambush near Paphos last night was a Turkish Cypriot policeman. Another Turkish policeman was injured.

Mufti Mehmed Dana, spiritual leader of the Cyprus Turks, today drove to Afrenia, 12 miles east of Nicosia, where bloody clashes occurred between Greeks and Turks a week ago.

The Mufti called on Turkish Cypriots to live in peace with their Greek neighbours. —France-Press.

## HARDING HOME

London, June 3. Field Marshal Sir John Harding, Governor of Cyprus, arrived here by air tonight for talks with Sir Anthony Eden, the Prime Minister, and other senior ministers on the troubled island.

Sir John Harding's plane had touched down at Northolt airport about 90 minutes before a Colonial Office spokesman released the news that he was back in Britain.

Sir John has returned against a background of intense bitterness in terrorist-ridden Cyprus, where efforts to crush the bomb-throwing rebels against British rule have so far failed.

Priority in the anti-terrorist campaign has been given to improving intelligence, stopping the flow of arms and ammunition to the guerrillas, and halting the recruitment of youths to the terrorist gangs.

But observers believe that Sir John may also discuss in London plans to re-educate the island's school system to reduce the influence which teachers who support Enosis have on Cypriot children.

While in London, Sir John Harding is being guarded by armed officers of Scotland Yard's special branch. —Reuter.

## Anti-Nehru Riots

Bombay, June 4. One man was killed and 36 hurt in riots which broke out last night while the Indian Prime Minister, Mr. Nehru, was visiting Bombay.

The demonstrators were protesting against a plan to bring Bombay's administration under the central government instead of making it the capital of a Marathi-speaking state formed by the surrounding area.

Mr. Nehru told an open air meeting of about 100,000 people that the government would go ahead with its plans for Bombay. Stone-throwing demonstrators tried to break through a strong police cordon round the meeting.

Police fired and threw tear-gas shells but a Bombay government statement said the dead man was shot when a crowd mobbed a private car one of whose occupants fired a revolver.

Twenty-four civilians were officially stated to have been hurt—mostly by stone-throwing—and 12 policemen injured. Bus services were suspended in the troubled area.

On the previous day police used tear gas and arrested 1,375 people during Bombay demonstrations against Mr. Nehru's Congress Party. Last January more than 70 people were killed in riots against the Bombay re-organisation proposals. —Reuter.

## Syrian Cabinet Crisis

## PREMIER SEEKS TO RESIGN

Damascus, June 3. The Syrian Prime Minister, Mr. Saïd Ghazal, today asked to be allowed to resign, touching off a Cabinet crisis.

President Shukri Kuwaily has not yet accepted his resignation, according to authoritative quarters.

The immediate cause of the crisis was reported to be a dispute within the Cabinet over a proposed ban on wheat exports to France and French troops in Algeria.

Stevodore's yesterday refused to load a wheat cargo, at Latakia and students later demonstrated in the offices of Mr. Riikalla Antaki, Minister of National Economy.

## Oppose Ban

Mr. Antaki and two other ministers are said to be opposing the rest of the Cabinet who want an immediate ban on exports.

The three ministers have argued that 10,000 tons of wheat for which export licenses had already been issued should be allowed to leave the country.

Other underlying causes of the crisis are reported to include strong criticism of Mr. Ghazal, an independent, in failing to take firm enough action against opposition parties, principally the Baath (Resurrection) Socialist Party, which is believed to be mainly responsible for yesterday's students' demonstration at the Ministry of National Economy.

## A Near Riot

This demonstration turned into a near riot when students occupied the ministry and at least one student made an impassioned political speech from the gallery of the ministry building. —Reuter.

Political observers in Damascus said tonight that if Mr. Ghazal's resignation was accepted by the President, it seemed almost certain that another independent minister would be called on to form a new government, although President Kuwaily might also take the opportunity to form a "national government" of coalition parties. He has expressed this desire ever since taking office. —Reuter.

## HK Show Banned

Sungei Patai, Malaya, June 3. Police last night banned a striptease show from Hongkong because they alleged it was "indecent."

Police told the management of the Empire Theatre to cancel the Hongkong revue performance because they had received complaints from the public. —Reuter.

## 3 Miners Killed

Richfield, Utah, June 3. Three miners were killed today, apparently from gas fumes, when they entered a uranium mine to haul out ore they had blasted free yesterday. —United Press.

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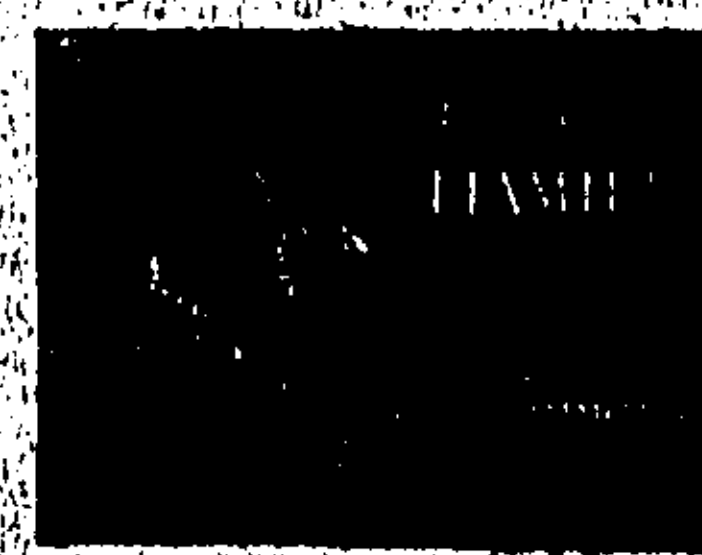
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To-morrow Morning Show  
"SANTA FE PASSAGE"  
in Technicolor

# YUGOSLAVIA VIA OUTSIDE SOVIET BLOC

Washington, June 3.

Harold E. Stassen said today he believes Marshal Tito will maintain Yugoslavia's "independence and sovereignty" despite Russian efforts to draw him back into the Soviet camp.

Mr. Stassen, President Eisenhower's disarmament adviser, said Tito's current visit to Moscow is "a very important event" but it is too soon to judge the outcome.

He was asked on a television programme whether the United States will continue sending aid to Yugoslavia in view of the apparent healing of the Belgrade-Moscow split.

## May Well Be

Mr. Stassen said that will depend on the "total analysis" after Tito returns to Yugoslavia.

He pointed out that the US Government does not rule out aid to independent countries if they are not acting contrary to US interests.

He also said it "may well be" that Moscow timed the resignation of Foreign Minister V. M. Molotov to coincide with Tito's visit. Mr. Molotov played an important role in events leading to Tito's break with the Soviet Union in 1948.

Mr. Stassen denied there is any basic disagreement between him and Secretary of State John Foster Dulles on the meaning of Russia's announced plan to cut Soviet military manpower.

## Exaggerated

Mr. Stassen has said he would welcome the move if it is carried out. Mr. Dulles has asserted the military men involved may be put to more dangerous uses such as in the Russian Atomic programme.

Asked if these statements represented a "really serious cleavage" Mr. Stassen said it was mainly a difference of emphasis by the Press in handling them. He said news reports had exaggerated the apparent conflict.

Mr. Stassen said he welcomed the invitation for Gen. Nathan F. Twining, Air Force Chief of Staff, to attend an air show in Moscow this month. He called this part of a "gradual opening up" by the Soviet Union.

## Not Obligated

The President's adviser said he hopes Gen. Twining's trip will be the "first small step" that ultimately will lead to Soviet acceptance of Mr. Eisenhower's "open skies" plan for aerial disarmament inspection.

He said the United States is not necessarily obligated to invite Soviet military officials here in return. He said this is "a matter of deciding what is best" under conditions that arise. — United Press.

# More Scientific Freedom In Russia

London, June 3.

Lord Adrian, one of Britain's top scientists, who returned yesterday after a 14-day visit to Russia, said today that there was now far more freedom there in scientific matters.

Lord Adrian, master of Trinity College, Cambridge, was one of a delegation invited to Russia by the Soviet Academy of Sciences.

"We found the Russians genuinely anxious to get a free interchange of scientists—the sort of footing we are on with all the Western countries," Lord Adrian added. — Reuter.

# JINXED CANBERRA CRASHES

Honolulu, June 3.

A Jinxed Australian Canberra jet failed to clear the end of the runway today at Hickam Air Force Base and skidded for several hundred yards before coming to rest just short of the main highway bordering the air base.

An Air Force spokesman identified the plane as the same aircraft which was forced to return to base yesterday when it developed engine trouble on a flight to Wake Island and Australia. None of the crewmen was injured.

The jet apparently suffered a loss of power midway in its takeoff run. Pilot officer W. Rayner, who was at the controls of the twin jet, elected to retract his wheels and parachute down on the runway rather than attempt to take the plane aloft unpowered.

The Canberra was one of the flight of five Australian planes returning home after a goodwill visit to Washington to participate in the recent observance of United States Armed Forces Day.

A Hickam spokesman said the plane developed a vibration in one of its engines yesterday and returned here without incident. The other jets continued on to Wake.

A superficial inspection of the plane disclosed that it suffered only minor damage in the wheels-up skid on the runway. The fuel tank on the right wing was ripped away and the fuselage was torn. The Air Force said it would not be immediately determined if the plane could be repaired sufficiently to make it airworthy. — United Press.

# NIGERIAN HANDICRAFTS



An exhibition of Nigerian art and handicrafts was opened recently at the Tea Centre in Lower Regent Street, London. The exhibition is arranged under the auspices of the Government of the Western Region of Nigeria. Pictured is Mrs. O. Badojo-Olusanya of Lagos, studying a wooden mask, a copy of the type used in ceremonial dances by the Ekiti people. — Express Photo.

# German-French Saar Agreement Near

Paris, June 3.

West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer said in a television interview tonight, on the eve of his meeting with French Premier Guy Mollet on the Saar, that France and Germany would succeed in making one step towards the solution of their difficulties on the question.

The Chancellor, giving an interview to French television correspondents in Bonn, was questioned on the Soviet attitude towards German reunification.

He said in reply that the Federal German Government's point of view was, and had always been, that as long as German reunification was not realised a system of European security could not be set up.

## World Problem

The Chancellor said he was convinced that the Soviet Union was not prepared to make the "lightest concession" on the question of German reunification.

This question was not merely a national one, he said. It was a problem for Europe and the whole world.

"It cannot be detached from international questions." The Chancellor said that as long as there was no satisfactory solution to the question, East-West tension would continue.

Turning to the Franco-German talks on the Saar, he said that the ground had already been prepared by the work of experts and of Maurice Faure and Walter Hallstein, French and German Secretaries of State for Foreign Affairs. "Due to this work," he said, "we will succeed in making a great step towards the solution of the existing difficulties." — Reuter.

# MAJESTIC

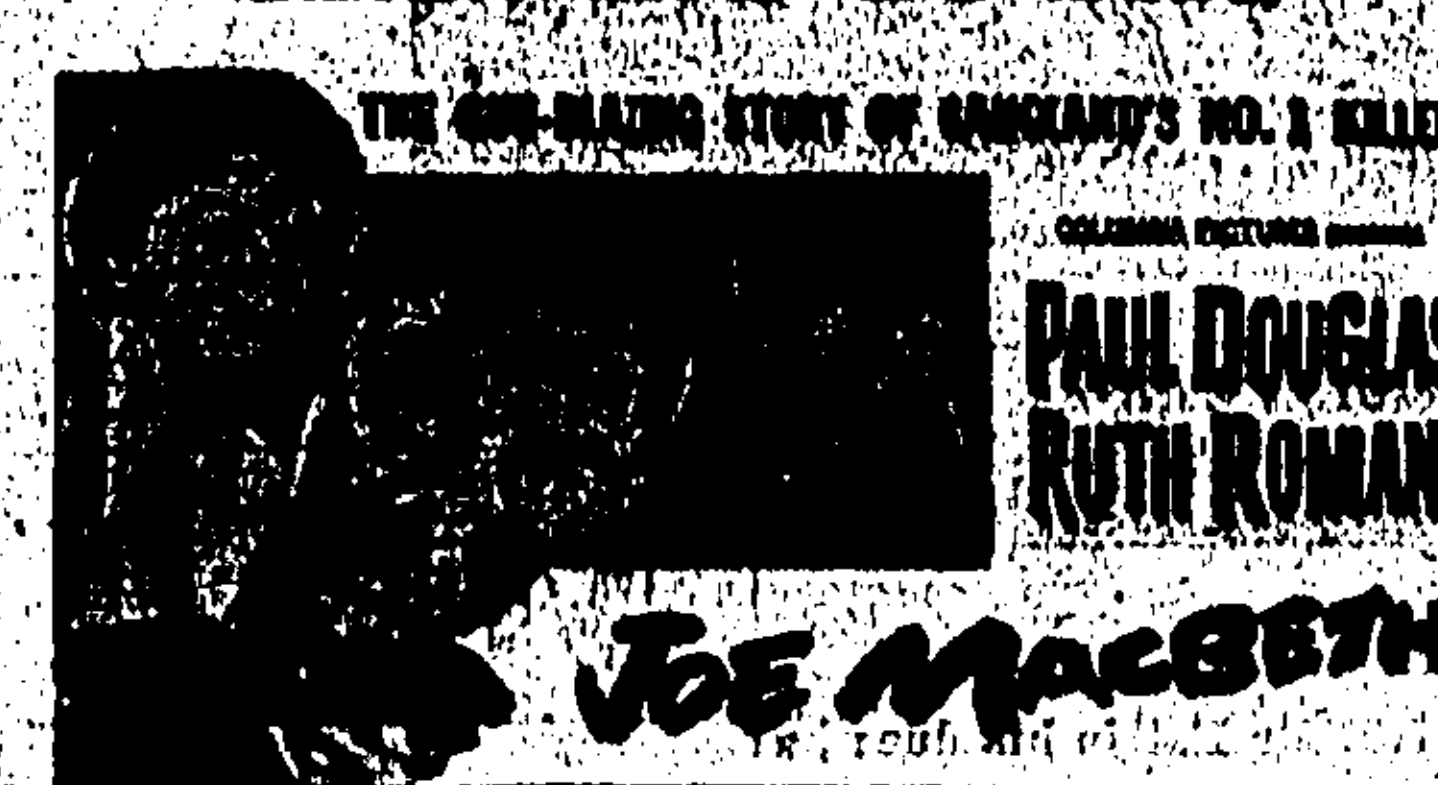
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Next Change  
"DOMENICA"

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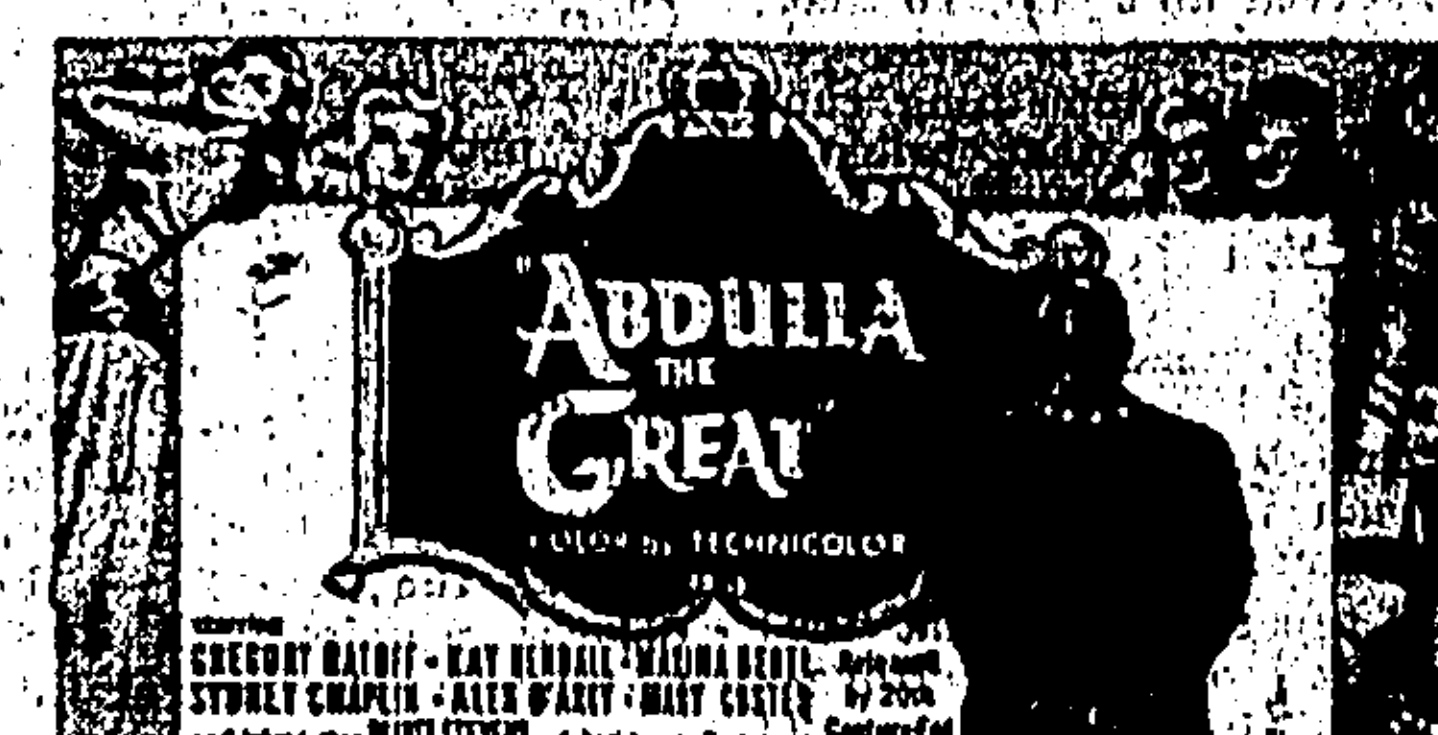


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"INSIDE DETROIT"  
Dennis O'Malley — Pat O'Brien

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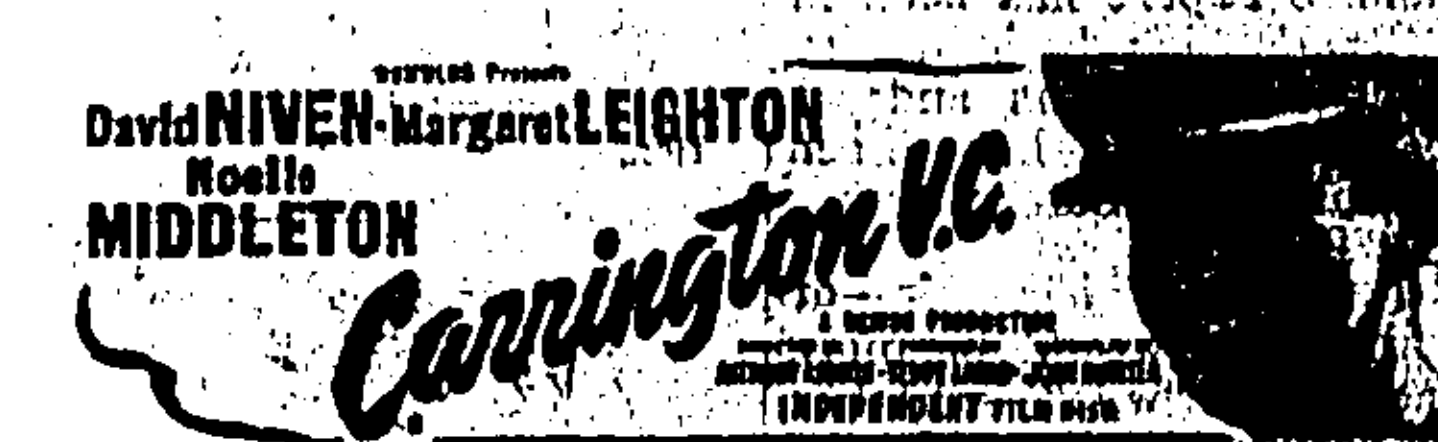
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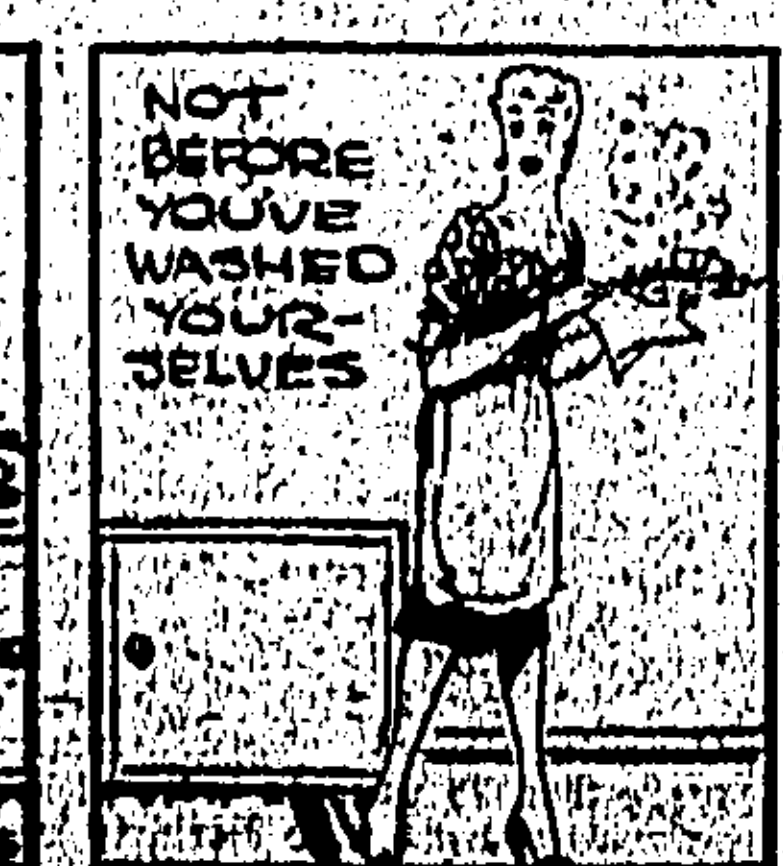
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# Campaign Against Malayan Reds Stepped-Up

French Raid  
The Casbah

## RUSSIA DECENTRALISING LIGHT INDUSTRIES

By John Rettie

Moscow, June 3.

The Soviet decision to decentralise the big range of light and food industries announced in today's newspapers is seen by observers in Moscow as a further logical step in the drive for flexibility and efficiency.

The announcement, contained in the decree of the Communist Party's Central Committee, and the Council of Ministers (Cabinet), gave much wider powers to the sixteen constituent republics in running the consumer goods industries and the transport industry, although the ultimate control still remains in Moscow.

But the opportunities now offered to the republics to develop their own resources are expected to reduce bureaucracy, improve efficiency and increase production.

At the same time, the Republics are likely to have a bigger say in the allocation of not only the resources but also of the finished industrial goods products.

include setting of overall production plans, capital investment worked out in accordance with the state plan for national economy as a whole, supplying equipment and materials and technical assistance to the republic ministries.

### Contradiction

This decree on decentralisation of light industry and transport follows the decision to decentralise agriculture taken over a year ago.

As in agriculture, it appeared to be designed to prevent central decisions on production of resources, which are in direct contradiction to the needs and the possibilities of the region in question.—China Mail Special.

### Greater Interest

Western observers here said that this should lead to the republic governments taking greater interest in raising living standards within their territories. The Soviet leaders have repeatedly indicated recently that they realise the living standards were still low.

The main feature of the new decree is that the possession and control of the actual organisation and the industrial plants will pass from the all-union ministries to the republic ministries. Day to day running of such plants and organisations will, therefore, henceforth be the exclusive responsibility of the republic governments.

General planning, finance and the overall control of these industries will remain with the all-union ministries in Moscow. For example, the republican ministries of light industry will run the factories formerly operated by the all-union ministry.

Point three of the decree lists the tasks which will remain for the all-union ministry. They

## Two Words Cause Trouble

New York, June 3. Two words — "peaceful settlement" — approved during Khrushchev's visit to Britain but opposed by the Soviet delegation at the United Nations threaten to hold up progress at a Security Council debate on the Middle East.

The debate resumes tomorrow with the Council split over the words, which appeared in a British resolution asking Israel and the Arab states to support conditions in which a peaceful settlement can be found in Palestine.

Russia has come out in support of Arab objections to the phrase. The Arab delegations are wary of any move which might force them into direct peace talks with Israel.

### LONDON ASKED

The British delegation, which has already accepted two amendments to meet Arab objections, asked London during the week-end whether it should delete the words.

Russia's attitude has surprised British delegates since the phrase was borrowed from the Anglo-Soviet communiqué issued during the visit of Marshal Nikolai Bulganin and Mr. Nikita Khrushchev to Britain.

Once the issue is resolved, the Council is expected to vote unanimously for the resolution. It requests Mr. Dag Hammarskjöld, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, to continue his efforts to maintain peace in the Middle East.—China Mail Special.

## Custard For Soekarno

Salt Lake City, June 3. President Soekarno of Indonesia left here by air today for Niagara Falls after a quiet overnight visit to this headquarters city of the Mormons.

His visit to the Mormon temple grounds this morning and attendance at a concert of the Mormon tabernacle choir.

Dr. Soekarno, a Moslem, spoke briefly in the tabernacle, saying that regardless of differing religious beliefs all men are members of the same family.

This morning, Dr. Soekarno said the only thing he needed to make his American visit complete was "frozen custard," so the party stopped at a restaurant on the way to the airport and had some.—Reuter.

## Dyestuffs Exhibition

London, June 4. Communist China has held an exhibition of more than 70 kinds of dyestuffs in Tientsin, capital of Hopei Province, the New China News Agency reported today.

The Chinese report said that among the chemicals on display, which were all produced in Tientsin, were top quality dyestuffs for cotton prints, silk and woollen fabrics and motor car paint, adding that "before liberation, only one kind of dyestuff was produced in Tientsin."

Research papers and new designs in the chemical industry also appeared at the exhibition, according to the agency.—Reuter.

## PROTECTION FOR SOLDIERS!

Stuttgart, June 4. The military committee of the state branch of Dr Konrad Adenauer's Christian Democratic Party here called last night for "protection" for members of the new West German forces.

It said that "unrestricted agitation" against soldiers of the new forces had made them reluctant to appear in public in uniform to avoid clashes. The Government should ensure they were protected, it said.

The committee at the same time appealed to the soldiers not to be dissuaded by minor clashes from wearing their uniforms. They should seek contact with the "friendly populace" in order to try and remove resentment felt against the army.—China Mail Special.

## CHANGING MILITARY VALUES

Grinnell Town, New York.

June 3.

Mr Donald Quarles, Secretary of the United States Air Force, said here today the recent Soviet cut of 1,200,000 in its armed forces might represent a step toward disarmament.

"However, this is more likely an indication that the Soviets are reaching the same conclusion we reached some years ago—that modern technology and atomic weapons have changed military values," he said.

Speaking at Grinnell College, Mr Quarles said it was essential "to maintain the kind of forces that will deter direct aggression."

### SECURITY

He added: "Just how those forces should be organised and equipped is the subject of continuing analysis and judgment within the armed forces."

In a reference to rivalry between American armed services Mr Quarles said "it does not promote our national welfare to argue these technical matters in public since security prevents a full disclosure of the facts."—Reuter.

## JOHORE IMPOSES STRICTER CONTROL OVER ALL FOOD

Johore Bahru, June 3.

The Government of the southern Malayan state of Johore today imposed stricter food control measures in a determined effort to force out Communist terrorists from their jungle hideouts in the Kluang area near here.

## West Shows Off Jets In Germany

Cologne, June 3.

The Big Three Western powers showed off their latest model jet aircraft before a crowd of 300,000 here today at the first big international air show to be held in Germany since World War Two.

The show, which was attended by numerous diplomatic and military officials, came at a time when West Germany is preparing to place definite orders for planes to equip its new air force.

The air exhibit, which was handicapped by an overcast sky and low ceiling, featured aerobatics by top test pilots from the United States, Britain, France and Italy.

American pilots displayed the Lockheed Jet T-33, Britain showed off the Hawker Hunter Mk. 4 and the Italians did formation stunts with American-designed F-84-Gs, which were built in Italy under an Italian licence.

France displayed its jet Mystere 4-A, a fighter piloted by famed aviator Jacqueline Auriol, daughter-in-law of French ex-President Vincent Auriol.—France-Press.

London, June 3. Mr Enver Hoxha, First Secretary of the Albanian Communist Party, and Mr Mehmet Shehu, the Prime Minister, were re-elected to the Communist Party Central Committee today (Sunday). The Albanian Telegraph Agency reported.—Reuter.

The Government in a Press statement said it wanted to end the anti-Communist emergency as soon as possible "so that people may once again enjoy peace and prosperity."

Under the new regulations, rice rations in the Kluang area would be reduced and all tinned foodstuffs would be purchased on sale. No extra rice would be issued even for festivals and the movement of tinned foodstuffs would be prohibited in certain districts of Kluang.

### Treachery

The Government said Communist terrorists in the Kluang area were suffering from a shortage of food. Security forces had in the past few months seized "vast quantities" of food from jungle dumps.

"But there are people outside the jungle who are still supplying the terrorists with food," the Government complained.

"By doing so, these people are acting in a treacherous manner towards the elected government of the people of Malaya."

The statement said that during the last eight months 59 Communist terrorists had been eliminated in the Kluang area through kills, surrenders and captures.

The Government said people in the Kluang area would be given one week in which to consume any excess rice. After that it would be an offence for anyone to have more than the stipulated ration.

### Up To People

"As long as there is still evidence of food reaching the terrorists in the jungle, these restrictions will remain in force."

"It is up to the people to make it possible for the Government to lift these restrictions as soon as possible by doing everything they can to ensure that supplies do not reach the terrorists at any time," the statement said.—Reuter.

## Nationalists Opposed To Repatriation

Taipei, June 3.

The Nationalists will oppose vigorously any attempt to send back to China prisoners who are serving terms in the United States, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said today.

The spokesman was commenting on news reports from Washington that the United States Government had decided to release and send back to China any Chinese citizens now serving gaol terms in the United States, who wish to return.

The spokesman said the reported decision was "inappropriate and totally improper" and, in case it is true, would be "an unwise move in the cold war strategy."

The Nationalist Government has both the right and obligation to protect Chinese citizens in the United States, including those who are in gaol, the spokesman added.

The spokesman said the Nationalist Government had informed the United States that Formosa would be willing to accept the prisoners.—France-Press.

## GENERAL DIES

Turin, June 3.

Gen. Ettore Fierovino, a hero of three wars, died of a heart attack today at the age of 71.

Gen. Fierovino, crippled in action in World War I, served as a division commander in the Ethiopian war. He fought on the Russian front in World War II and was captured by the Soviets in 1945. He was released in 1950 after 18 months as a prisoner.—United Press.



Following the latest outbreak of terrorism in Algiers, French troops and police have just staged what has been termed the biggest raid yet on the colourful Casbah quarter of Algiers. Pictured is the scene as a cellars is raided—it was found to contain arms, printing equipment, rebel uniforms and badges.—Express Photo.

## Fake Storms Test For Warships

Washington, June 3.

United States Navy engineers are simulating life-like ocean storms only a stone's throw from Washington in efforts to find ways of building better ships at lower cost.

In the process they are uncovering ways of combating seasickness.

Before millions of dollars are invested in building the real thing, Navy ships-to-be are put through grueling tests in a huge, 188-acre, "model basin" at Carderock, Maryland, centre of Federal Government research in naval architecture and the largest laboratory of its kind in the world.

There, in two indoor channels 20 ft. and 50 ft. wide and more than half a mile long, innovations in hull design, structure and powering are pre-tested with wood and wax models.

### PRECISION

Problems in navigating and mooring, the behaviour of objects falling through the water, the way sound travels undersea, the effects of explosions on a ship's structure, development of underwater television, and dozens of other related subjects are under study.

At speeds up to 80 knots ship models are towed through the water by electrically operated carriages made of steel tubing which travel on rails running alongside. Precision instruments are carried either on the carriage or the ship model.

Waves simulating ocean conditions which could batter ships to pieces are controlled by engineers while every stress and strain, pitch and roll of the model is recorded. Men on the carriage and operators of the wave machine co-ordinate the operation by short-wave radio.—China Mail Special.

## Saudi Arabia Denies Gun-Running Charge

Cairo, June 3.

Saudi Arabia today challenged Britain to permit an international inquiry into charges that the Saudis are arming rebellious tribesmen in the wild Aden protectorate.

The Saudi Embassy here denied the charges, made several times recently by British officials. Twice in recent weeks the British authorities have captured tribesmen coming across the border from Saudi Arabia with rifles and ammunition.

The Saudi Foreign Ministry said: "The Saudi Arabian Government would never arm any tribesmen." It said the tribesmen were pursuing normal migration across the disputed desert border and, furthermore, the British knew it.

### Viewed With Alarm

Saudi Arabia, the Yemen and Egypt are linked in an alliance which British officials said is aimed at removing British influence from the Arabian peninsula.

Two weeks ago the British showed off 110 captured tribesmen, including six men said to be Saudi Arabs, and three trucks with Saudi registration plates which were caught coming across the border.

British officials in Aden viewed with alarm what they termed a Saudi entrance into the gun-running business. They said the Saudis had set up regular arms distributing stations just across the border and were inviting the tribesmen, blue-eyed tribesmen of the protectorate across to pick up rifles and equipment to shoot up British forts and convoys.

The Saudi statement today made no reference to the two recent incidents.—United Press.

Two French soldiers were killed and two wounded last week when a patrol was ambushed by rebels, equipped with automatic weapons, on the Tounane - Nemours Road. Marines were today pursuing the rebels with air support.

## Airborne Troops Wipe Out Rebel Band

Algiers, June 3.

Helicopter-borne French security troops started a widescale operation today a few miles southwest of Algiers. They wiped out a rebel band, taking a number of prisoners and seizing a large quantity of arms.

Two French soldiers were killed and two wounded last week when a patrol was ambushed by rebels, equipped with automatic weapons, on the Tounane - Nemours Road. Marines were today pursuing the rebels with air support.

### Synagogue Burnt

## Automation Study Urged

Detroit, June 3.

Mr Walter Reuther, president of the United Auto Workers Union, today urged the creation of a permanent committee with union, company and Government representatives to study the impact of automation on the American economy.

In a statement published in a copyrighted interview with the Detroit Free Press, Mr Reuther said his million-strong union aimed at obtaining a shorter working week, increased compensation for lay-off periods and higher pensions when its present contracts with the manufacturers expired in 1958.

### HIGHER STANDARDS

The union leader said automation and the harnessing of atom power will "make it possible very shortly to provide the people of this country with higher living standards."

He added: "These advanced tools of production can create the kind of economic abundance out of which we can get higher living standards and at the same time a shorter working week and greater leisure."—Reuter.

Terrorists made several attacks today and last night on farms in the Algiers region. Two fires, which broke out early today in the centre of Orleansville, were attributed to terrorists.

A Jewish synagogue near the town was gutted and an automobile spare parts shop damaged in the two fires.

In Constantine, the second attack in two days was made this morning on a Jewish shopkeeper and his son. The son was seriously wounded by revolver shots.

Attacks on road travellers were also reported today. A bus on the Tlemcen-Nemours road was halted by a road block and six European passengers, including three children, were carried off by rebels.

### Escaped

Foreign Legionnaires immediately began a search for the kidnappers.

Yesterday, two French building workers were killed when an Algerian, to whom they had given a lift on their lorry, shot them after he got out. The attacker was identified but escaped after the incident.—France-Press.

## Anthony Steel And Wife



The British actor, Anthony Steel, and his wife, Anna Karenina, the Swedish actress, shown in London as they arrived from Rome. They had been married in Florence a few days earlier.—Coastal Press Photo.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



### ACROSS

- 1 Heals (5).
- 2 Denies (6).
- 3 Disturbance (colloq.) (6).
- 4 Picture stand (6).
- 5 Feet, indignation about (6).
- 6 Perfume (7).
- 7 Spur (4).
- 8 Determine (7).
- 9 Small crown (7).
- 10 Harvest (4).
- 11 Place of entertainment (7).
- 12 Thin covering (6).
- 13 Rub out (5).
- 14 Tears (6).
- 15 Wine (6).
- 16 Prepared (5).

### DOWN

- 1 Revile (5).
- 2 Feels (6).
- 3 Reject with disdain (5).
- 4 Genealogical table (4).
- 5 Firearm (6).
- 6 Deceive (6).
- 7 Hide (7).
- 8 Kind of rabbit (6).
- 9 Boiled (7).
- 10 Fruit (4).
- 11 Runs off (6).
- 12 Asset (4).
- 13 Crawls (6).
- 14 Lay waste (6).
- 15 Transgressions (6).
- 16 Diadem (5).
- 17 Attempt (6).
- 18 Nigh (4).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 3 Agitator, 8 Ajax, 9 Elements, 11 Lemonade, 13 Dry, 15 Commerce, 16 Detective, 19 Book, 21 Denial, 25 Expenses, 26 Fall, 27 Suspense, Down: 1 Fall, 2 Calm, 4 Chain, 5 Tomb, 6 Terror, 7 Rusty, 9 Ended, 10 Pilot, 12 Eyebrow, 14 Apple, 16 Healer, 17 Expert, 19 Dope, 20 Steps, 21 Dare, 22 Band, 23 Idea, 24 Tide.



# Diamonds are Forever

Secret agent JAMES BOND has been given a tough assignment: to break an American gang smuggling South African diamonds. He is sent to the Yard as the first step.

## CHAPTER TWO

PUNCTUALLY at two o'clock, Bond was shaking hands with the dapper, level-eyed man in the old-fashioned office which bears more secrets than any other room in Scotland Yard.

Ronnie Vallance pushed a couple of C.I.D. identification photographs across the desk. They showed a dark-haired, rather good-looking young man with a clean-cut, awashbuckling face in which the eyes smiled innocently.

"That's the chap," said Vallance. "Near enough like you to pass with someone who's only got his description. Peter Franks. Nice looking fellow. Good family. Public school and all that. Then he went wrong and played wrong. Country house burglaries are his line."

"Now he's shipped up. They often do when they get into a racket they know nothing about. I've got two or three undercover girls in Solihull and he's been on one of them. Funny enough, she's rather keen on him. Thinks she can make him go straight and all that sort of stuff. But she's got her job to do, and when he told her about this job, just casually, as if it was the hell of a lark, she passed the word back here."

Bond nodded. "Specialist crooks never take other people's lines seriously. I bet he wouldn't have talked to her about one of his country house jobs."

"Not on your life," agreed Vallance. "Or we'd have had him made years ago. Anyway, it seems he was contacted by a friend of a friend and agreed to

do a smuggling job to America for \$5,000. Payable on delivery. My girl asked him if it was drugs. And he laughed and said: 'No—better still. Hot ice.' Had he got the diamonds? No."

"His next job was to contact his 'guard.' Tomorrow evening at the Trafalgar Palace. Five o'clock in her room. A girl called Case. She would tell him what to do and go over with him."

Vallance got up and paced to and fro in front of the framed forgeries of 15 notes that lined the wall opposite the windows. "These smugglers generally go in pairs when big stuff is being moved. The carrier is never quite trusted, and the men at the other end like to have a witness in case anything goes wrong at the Customs. Then the big men don't get caught napping at the carrier talks."

"In all these jobs the pay-off is generally the weakest link. How was this \$5,000 to be paid to Peter Franks? Who by? And if he did the job successfully would he be broken on again?"

"If I was in your shoes I'd watch these points. Concentrate on getting through the cut-out who does the paying off and try to get on further up the pipeline towards the big men. If they like the look of you it shouldn't be difficult. Good carriers aren't easy to come by, and even the top men are going to be interested in the new recruit."

"Yes," said Bond thoughtfully, "but makes sense how are you going to substitute me for Peter Franks?"

VALLANCE started pacing to and fro again. "I think that ought to be all right," he said. "We're going to take in Franks this evening and hold him for conspiring to evade the Customs." He smiled briefly. "I'll break up a beautiful friendship with my girl, I'm afraid. But that's got to be faced. And then the idea is for you to make the rendezvous with Miss Case."

## Bond gets his order . . . meet the mysterious Miss Case . . .

by IAN FLEMING

"Does she know anything about Franks?"

"Just his description, and his name," said Vallance. "At least that's what we guess. I doubt if she even knows the man who contacted him. Cut-outs all along the line. Everybody does one job in a watertight compartment. Then, if there's a hole in the sock it doesn't run."

"Know anything about the woman?"

"Passport details. American citizen, 27 born San Francisco. Blue eyes. Height 5ft. 6in. Profession: single woman. Been over here a dozen times in the last three years. May have been more often under a different name. Always stays at the Trafalgar Palace."

"The hotel detective says she doesn't seem to go out much. Few visitors. Never stays more than two weeks. Never gives any trouble. That's all. Don't forget that when you meet her you'll have to have a good story yourself. Why you're doing the job and so on."

"I'll see to that."

"Anything else we can help over?"

Bond reflected. "What about this House of Diamonds lead the Treasury dreamed up?"

Vallance didn't answer. Instead he pressed a switch on the big intercom on his desk.

"Yes, sir," said a metallic voice.

"Send up Dankwaerts at the double, please sergeant."

There was a knock on the door and Vallance's staff secretary put his head in. "Sergeant Dankwaerts, sir."

"Send him in," said Vallance. "Hold him until I ring."

The secretary held open the door and a nondescript man in plain clothes came in. His hair was thinning, he wore spectacles and his complexion was pale. His expression was kindly and studious. He might have been any senior clerk in any business.

"Afternoon, sergeant," said Vallance. "This is Commander Bond of the Ministry of Defence. The sergeant smiled politely. "I want you to take Commander Bond to the House of Diamonds in Haddon Garden. He will be 'Sergeant James' of your staff."

"You think the diamonds from that Ascot job are on their way out to the Argentine through America. You will say so to Mr. Saye, the top man there. You will wonder if it is possible that Mr. Saye has heard any talk from the other side. His New York office may have heard something. You know, all very nice and polite."

A big, dark man took two quick steps into the room and stood looking sharply from one to the other.

"My name is Saye," he said harshly. "What goes on around here? What do you want?"

"I am Sergeant Dankwaerts of the Special Branch of Scotland Yard," he said in a quiet, peaceful voice. "And this," he made a gesture towards Bond, "is Sergeant James. I am making a routine inquiry about some stolen diamonds."

"Good afternoon, sergeant. Come and have a look at this friend of mine."

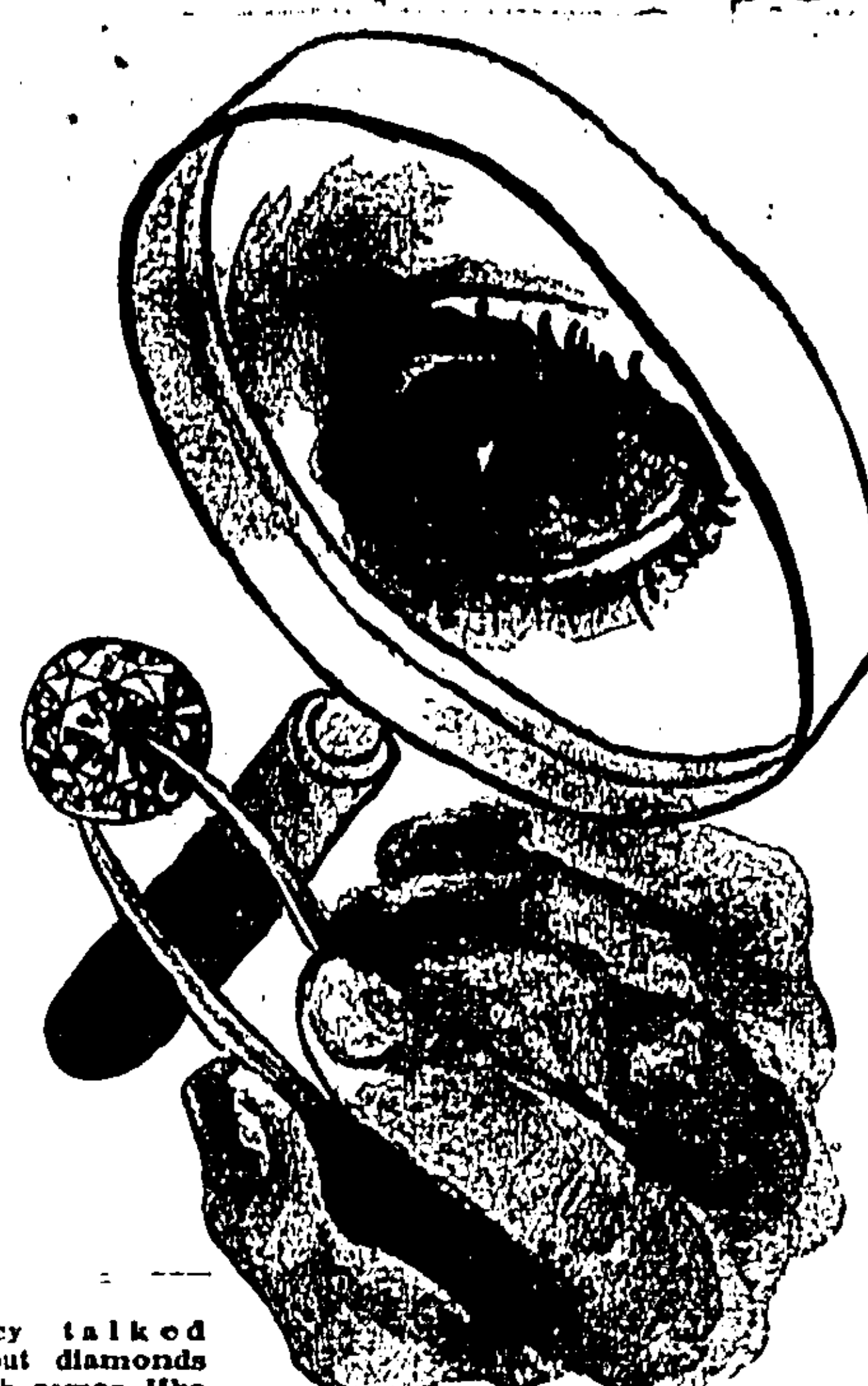
The sergeant came and stood close up to Bond and politely turned him towards the light. Two very keen, dark eyes examined his face minutely for a full minute. Then the man stepped away.

"Can't guarantee the scar for more than six hours, sir," he said. "Not in this heat. But the rest's all right. Who is he to be, sir?"

"He's to be Sergeant James, a member of Sergeant Dankwaerts's staff," Vallance looked at his watch. "Only for three hours. All right?"

"Certainly sir. Shall I go ahead?"

At Vallance's nod, the policeman led Bond to a chair by the window, put his small attache case on the floor beside the chair and knelt down on



They talked about diamonds with names like Vessellon, Top Cape, Yellow Premier.

DRAWING BY ROBB

one knee and opened it. Then, for 10 minutes, his light fingers busied themselves over Bond's face and hair. He held up a pocket mirror in front of Bond. A touch of white at the temples. The scar gone. A hint of studiousness at the corners of the eyes and mouth. The faintest shadows under the cheekbones. Nothing you could put your finger on, but it all added up to someone who certainly wasn't James Bond.

SERGEANT Dankwaerts and the disguised James Bond sat on Mr. Rufus B. Saye, Vice-President for Europe of the House of Diamonds. They are asked to wait in a luxurious ante-room.

A big, dark man took two quick steps into the room and stood looking sharply from one to the other.

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He was dressed in a roomy black single-breasted suit, a white shirt, and an almost bootlace-thin black tie, held in place by a gold tie-clip representing a spear.

His long arms hung relaxed at his sides and terminated in two very large hands, now slightly curled inwards, whose backs showed black hair. His big feet, in expensive black shoes, looked to be about size 12.

Bond summed him up as a tough and capable man who had triumphed in a variety of hard schools, and who looked as if he was still serving in one of them.

and these are the stones we are particularly interested in," concluded Sergeant Dankwaerts. He referred to his black book. "One 20 carat Vessellon. Two fine Blue-whites of about 10 carats each. One 30 carat Yellow Premier. One 15 carat Top Cape and two 15 carat Cape Unions."

HE paused. Then he looked sharply into Mr. Saye's hard black eyes. "Have any of those passed through your hands, Mr. Saye, or through your firm in New York?" he inquired softly.

"No," said Mr. Saye flatly. "They have not." He turned to the door behind him and opened it. "And now, good afternoon, gentlemen."

Undismayed, Sergeant Dankwaerts slipped his notebook into his waistcoat pocket, picked up his hat and walked out into the hall and then out into the street. Bond followed him.

Sergeant Dankwaerts chuckled. "He's not a diamond merchant, sir," he said. "or I'll eat my hat."

"How do you know?"

"When I read out that list of missing stones," Sergeant Dankwaerts smiled happily, "I mentioned a Yellow Premier and two Cape Unions."

"Yes?"

"It just happens that there aren't such things, sir."

TOMORROW:

Arrogance in a husky female voice

## It's Very Expensive (Says JACK BENNY) Being World's Meanest Man

By THOMAS WISEMAN

London, not really stingy—that it's just a joke. TO meet Jack Benny—who thrives on the title of The Meanest Man in the World—is rather like encountering a safe to which even the owner does not know the combination.

Not that he is really mean with his money. But he IS mean with his jokes. He IS stingy with his conversation.

You would need to be a very expert cricketer or, alternatively, you would need to have a stick of dynamite to get at the wealth of humour which one is assured is locked up inside him.

I met him when he arrived from America to appear on BBC Television, and as I did not have any dynamite (and he did not have his gunmen

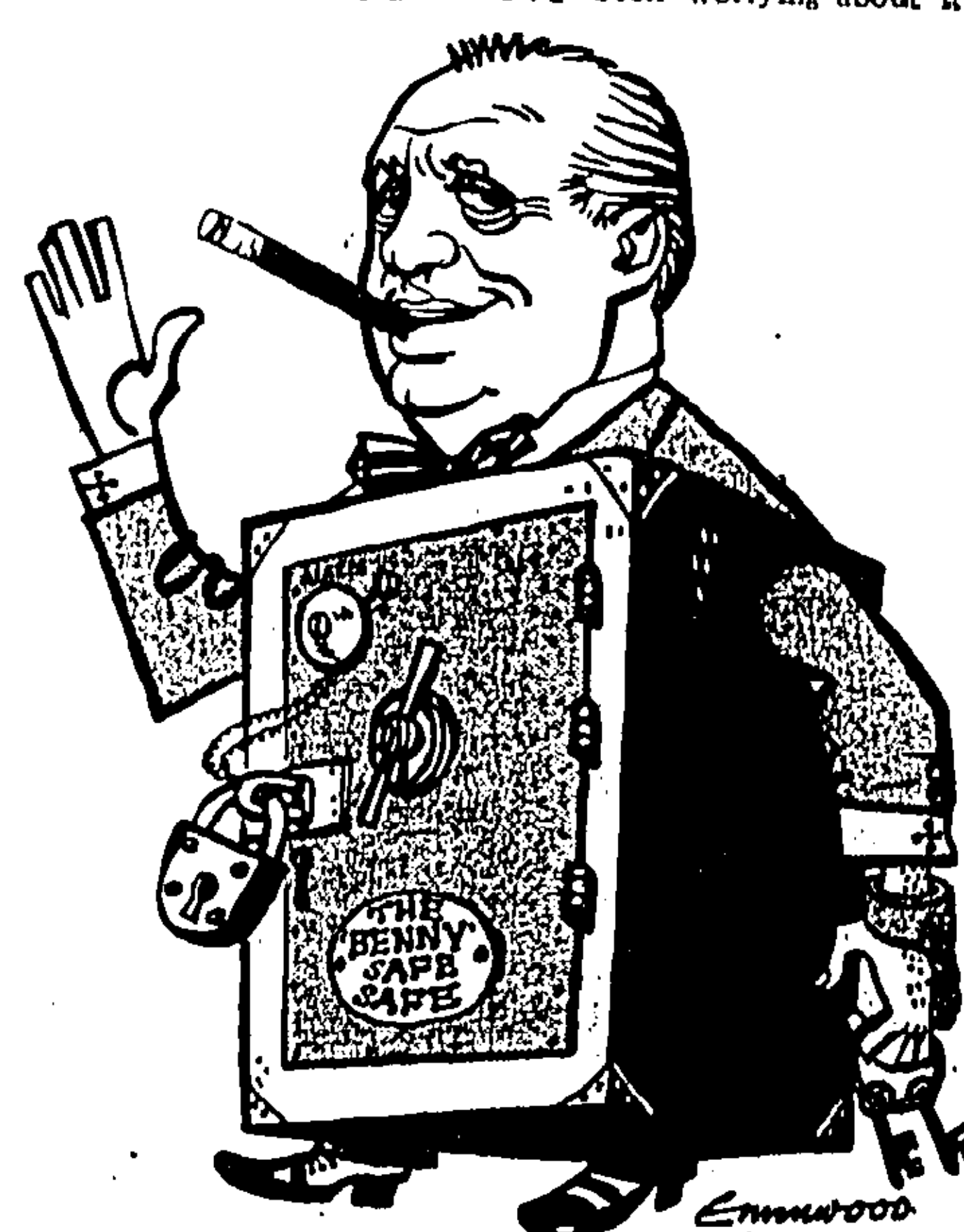
"You'd be surprised how many people are convinced that there can't be smoke without fire."

"Truthfully," I said, "have you never been stingy?"

"Never," he said. "If I had been, I'd be a millionaire today."

He explained the cost of being famous for meanness: "I can't afford to let someone else pick up the cheque or people would say, 'Ah! There is some truth in it.' I have to over-tip all the time to prove how generous I am. . . . 25 percent tips instead of 15 percent. I have to be very careful about that."

He suddenly looked worried. "At lunch today," he said, "I don't think I over-tipped enough. I've been worrying about it all



golden wisecracks safely concealed.

around) his golden wisecracks remained safely concealed in his burglar-proof frame.

Whatever it is that this man has got—which enables him to hold on to a fortnightly TV audience of 40 million in the United States—he thrifflily kept it to himself.

The story is told of how Mr. Benny was held up by a gunman who threatened, "Your money or your life," Mr. Benny hesitated.

"Well . . . ?" demanded the gunman.

"I'm thinking it over," said Mr. Benny.

A series of such jokes has made him one of the most successful comedians in America.

Other comedians rely on their laughs upon the situation of the husband being deceived by his wife: Mr. Benny has proved that it is much funnier for the husband to be deceived by his accountant.

The man trying to hang on to his dollar is infinitely more hilarious than the man trying to hang on to his wife.

Maintaining the title of The Meanest Man in the World is an expensive business for Mr. Benny.

"You constantly have to prove to people that you are

English money yet. I think I shall have to go back to the waiter and give him another tip. Rumours get around so fast."

"I suppose I spend about £1,000 a year in over-tipping. But it's deductible, part of my professional expenses."

"Prove to me," I said, "what a lavish spender you are. Could you get through £1,000 in a week?"

"My wife can get through that much in a day. I'm a pretty big spender, too."

I told him how much he was paying for the Oliver Messel suite at the Dorchester: £25 a day. (Marilyn Monroe wanted it, but Mr. Benny has it booked for three months.)

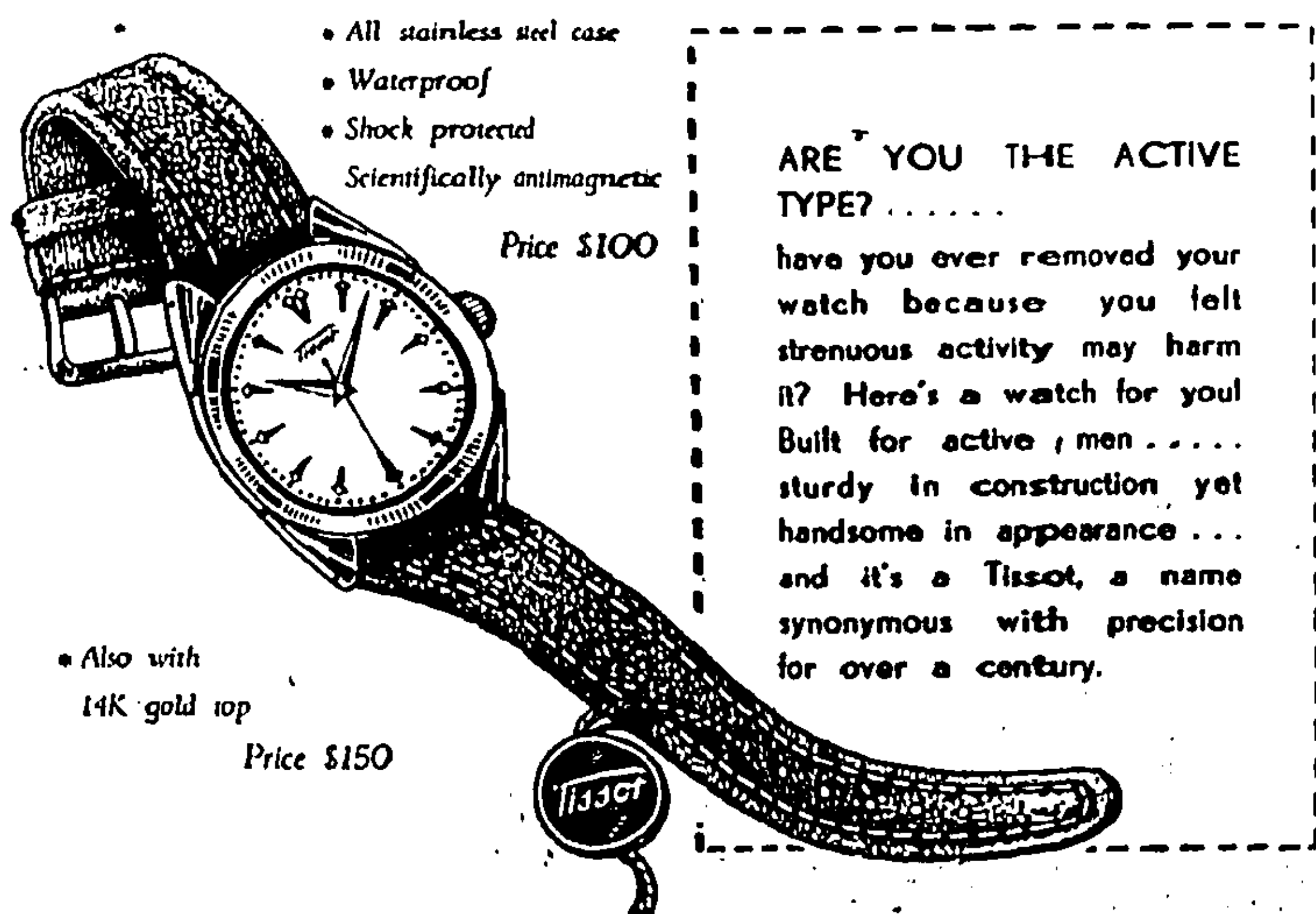
"That's about 75 dollars," said Mr. Benny. "Is that all? People will really think I'm mean."

I assured him that people would understand. They would make allowances, considering he was working for the BBC, an organization even more famous for its thrift (when it comes to paying artists) than Mr. Benny.

I left Mr. Benny working hard on the problem of the correct amount of over-tipping for English waiters.

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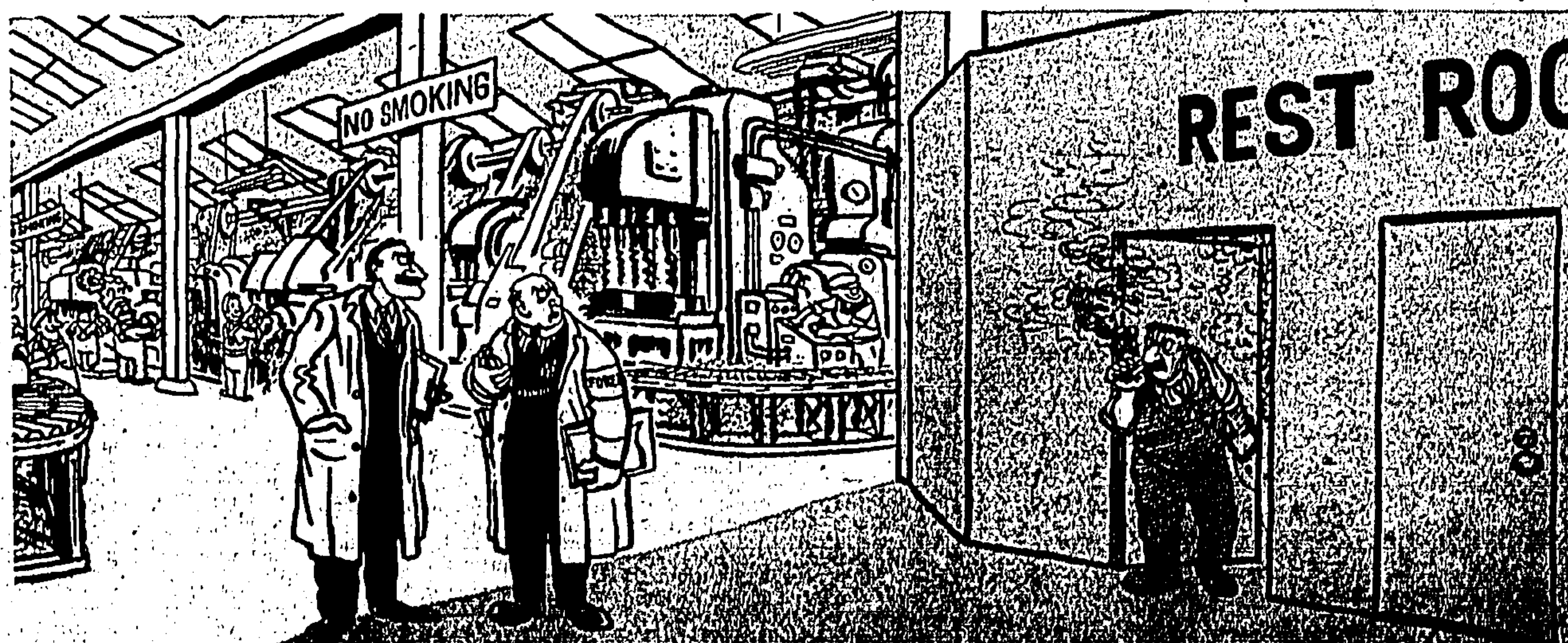
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## WEEK-END BOWLS

# UNDERDOGS' DAY IN ALL THREE DIVISIONS OF THE LEAGUE

By "TOUCHER"

Underdogs in the various divisions of the Colony Lawn Bowls League have every reason to be proud of their performances in the week-end's matches.

In the First Division both lowly-placed Talkoo and Indian Recreation Club "Gold" did not bring home the bacon, but the close fights they put up against their highly-favoured opponents, Craigengower and Kowloon Bowling Green Club, could easily rank as the most spirited yet seen this season.

Playing with two reserves, newly-promoted Talkoo came very close to shattering Craigengower's unbeaten record, and with a little more luck and more careful play could have succeeded in pulling off the biggest upset of this season.

This was especially so in the match between the Talkoo four of G. T. Graham, J. McArthur, N. Fraser and R. B. Marshall and Craigengower's fours of Lee, W. C. Ogley, A. E. Coates and H. W. Bradbury.

Taking full advantage of an extremely heavy home green, and the inability of skip Bradbury to get up on the long heads, the Talkoo four took an 8-2 lead after six heads.

Their first fatal lapse came on the seventh head, when they conceded a five. By the end of the 10th head, Bradbury's four had taken the lead at 10-8.

The final blow for the Talkoo four was dealt them on their own accord on the 11th head just before tea. With his opponents lying one, skip Marshall was called upon to take away the first shot, slightly behind the jack. His heavy drive with the first wood was slightly wide and after crashing through a bunch of woods left his opponents with a lie of four. Bradbury added the fifth, and Marshall went through with his last wood.

## CONSISTENT

With Francis Lee playing a consistent game at lead and Coates showing his best form so far this season, the Craigengower four held on to their tea interval lead of 15-9 to narrowly edge out their opponents by 21-17. Though unable to get his weight for the draw, Bradbury also came into the picture in the second half of

the game with some heavy resting shots.

As a whole, however, the Talkoo four were playing slightly better bowls and but for the two counts of five, and their inability to play a tighter and more careful game, would have taken the decision on this rink.

Brilliant play by their skip, S. L. Leonard, was in a large measure responsible for the narrow 20-16 win scored by the Craigengower four of George Hong Choy, F. O. Madur, P. K. Lau and S. L. Leonard over Talkoo's Brian Douglas, H. O. Fleming, W. S. MacHarvey and Willie Brown.

With all his three front men playing slightly below average on the heavy green, Leonard caused the most damage with his drawing and heavy shots. On two occasions he saved his side from giving away no fewer than 11 shots.

On the fifth head, with his opponents lying five or six, he drew in the first shot with his last wood. On the 13th head, the Talkoo four were lying five when Leonard again drew in the first shot within inches of the jack.

Pick of the Talkoo four was Brian Douglas whose consistent drawing to the jack time and again gave his side the lie with some close shots.

Although 6-9 down at tea and 8-10 down at the end of the 15th head, the Talkoo four staged an excellent recovery on the next five heads to be only 18-10 down when the last head was played. A two by the Craigengower four on this head gave them their close 20-16 win and their fifth straight victory this season.

## BEST GAME

The best game of the afternoon was seen in the tussle between

the four skipped by John Kinniburgh and Joe Landolt. Owing to the inability of R. White and C. McLennan to play on Saturday, Kinniburgh had two reserves, S. C. Monn and J. Rowan in his rink. Both put up a creditable display.

George Clayton, who usually plays as lead, stepped into the No. 3 berth to surprise himself and his colleagues by playing an excellent game.

Kinniburgh proved that he is still one of the best skips in the Colony, both in direction and execution, and his ability to make Landolt proved the deciding factor in his side's magnificent triumph over the hitherto unbeaten Craigengower four.

Among the Craigengower four only C. C. Ma at lead was playing near his top form. Souza, Rosset and Landolt were all on and off.

At the tea interval the CCC four led by 9-7. A two and a five on the 12th and 13th heads enabled them to jump ahead to 16-9. At the end of the 10th head, they still held a commanding 19-10 lead.

The Talkoo four, however, came back with a single, a four, a two and a three on four successive heads to lead by 20-19 on the last head. A drawn shot by Clayton and another by Kinniburgh gave them two shots on the last head and with these a 22-19 win over the reputed CCC four.

At Sookunpo, IRC "Gold" were perhaps more unlucky in not being able to gain the decision over Kowloon Bowling Green Club. With Adal's four fighting a close game against Kwan's four, they were unable to win two links until the last four heads.

S. M. Ramjaha's four, however, gave a two and two singles to tie at 10-10 with Francis' rink. Bunny Abbas scored a 20-11 lead on Joe Eastman's only to see his opponents score a two, a four, a two and another four on the last four heads and edge him out by 23-20.

IRC "Blues" not only kept their hopes alive for the Championship by climbing into second position with a 5-0 win over Filipino Club but also helped to a large extent their "Gold" team in their fight to avert relegation this season.

## SECOND DIVISION

In the Second Division Kowloon Dock "Blues" saved off another challenge when they handed KCC a 4-1 defeat to maintain their unbeaten record. Underdogs Craigengower made a surprising recovery of form to blank USRC and win the match by 39 shots.

Surprise of the Third Division was the 8-0 defeat of Craigengower by Kowloon Bowling Green Club, who put themselves back well into the running for the Division's Championship with a 5-0 win over the Valley Club.

Hongkong Police Sports Association, my choice to ultimately win the Third Division title, continued on their winning streak after their early setbacks to climb up to second position in the League table.

## HOW THEY STAND

First Division				
	P	W	D	L
CCC	5	5	0	0
IRC "B"	4	3	0	1
Recreio	4	3	0	1
KCC	3	2	0	1
KBCG	4	2	0	2
Talkoo	5	1	0	4
IRC "G"	3	0	0	3
FC	4	0	0	4

Second Division				
	P	W	D	L
KCC	4	4	0	0
Recreio	4	4	0	0
USRC	3	3	0	1
KCC	4	3	0	1
KBCG	3	2	0	1
HKFC	3	2	0	1
CCC	4	2	0	2
FC	4	2	0	2
PBC	3	1	0	2
KCC "W"	3	0	0	3
FC	4	0	0	4

Third Division				
	P	W	D	L
CCC	4	4	0	0
HKPSA	3	3	0	1
KBCG	3	3	0	1
HKFC	3	2	0	1
FC	3	2	0	1
HKPSA	3	1	0	2
KCC	3	1	0	2
PBC	3	1	0	2

## MISS PERKINS WINS AGAIN



Phyllis Perkins, who recently beat the world's record for the 1,500 Metres, easily wins the 440 Yards Final during the Essex Women's Athletic Championships at Ilford.

## SOCCER

## HUNGARIANS UP 3-1 WHEN BELGIANS RAN RIOT TO SCORE 5-4 WIN

Brussels, June 3.

More than 70,000 wildly excited Belgian football fans saw their national XI triumph 5-4 over the mighty Hungarians here today after trailing by two goals at half-time.

Hungary led 3-1 after 45 minutes, but they were allowed to score only one more goal in the second half while the Belgians ran riot.

Belgium scored first from a penalty taken by Van Kerckhoven, but within seconds the Hungarians had retaliated. Outside-right Budai centred to inside-left Puskas who surprised Gernay, the Belgian goalkeeper, with a low, powerful shot.

Hungary's second goal was a free kick. After ten minutes of being penned into his own half, inside-right Kocsis punted the ball towards the Belgian goal and Gernay just failed to turn it over the bar.

Three minutes later, in the 30th minute, outside-left Frutvay sent a long pass to Kocsis who deflected it into the Belgian net to make it 3-1 for Hungary.

In the 59th minute Belgium pulled back with a header by

## PORTUGAL SCORES 3-1 WIN OVER SPAIN

Lisbon, June 3.

Portugal accomplished one of their best performances in international football for several years when they beat Spain by 3 goals to 1 here today.

All the scoring was done in the first half, and the hero for Portugal was their diminutive outside-left, Palmeiro, making his international debut, who scored all three goals for his side.

In the fourth minute he took a pass from inside-right Vasques to open the scoring. In the 20th minute, following a free kick to Portugal, Pedroto, the right-half, hit the post but Palmeiro, following up, netted the rebound. Two minutes from half time the winger received a pass from left-back Angelo and when the Spanish goalkeeper advanced to intercept he lofted the ball over him for his hat-trick.

Spain's goal, after 37 minutes, was scored by inside-right Piero, with a hard drive from thirty yards.

A crowd of 70,000 packed the National Stadium to watch the game, played in brilliant sunshine.

Spain dominated the play more in the first half but were weak near goal. Afterwards Portugal were the masters with their more rapid attack and ball control. Four times they hit the Spanish cryerbar and would not have been flustered by a decisive score in their favour.

Reuter.

## ONLY THE BEST TRAINED WILL REPRESENT FINLAND AT OLYMPIC GAMES

Helsinki, June 3.

The Finnish team at the Melbourne Olympics will be the best trained sports unit which Finland has ever sent abroad.

Finland's setbacks in the last two Olympic Games, meetings in London and Helsinki are believed to have been largely caused by the uneven quality of members of the team. This year, the Finnish sporting authorities have decreed that every man and woman representing Finland at the Olympic Games must be of top quality and in perfect trim.

An additional reason for the careful selection is the high cost of transport. The total cost of equipping the team and paying their fare to Melbourne is estimated at 50,000,000 Marks (about £27,125).

The members of the team have not yet been selected, although the total number, including leaders, going to Melbourne has been fixed at between 60 and 85.

Finland will be represented in her old specialties—athletics—and also in boxing, wrestling, gymnastics, shooting, modern pentathlon, swimming, rowing, cycling, sailing and canoeing.

Preliminary arrangements are that the Finnish team shall consist of 18 athletes, six wrestlers, three boxers, one swimmer, one cyclist, three competitors in the pentathlon, two canoeists, two rowers, a few competitors in sailing, six gymnasts and four shots.

## INDIVIDUAL TRAINING

So far, Finnish athletes have concentrated on individual training but camp training

has been arranged later. Among the notable results achieved during recent games are Jukka Piironen's 430 centimetre Pole Vault and the latest figure of 739 centimetres for the Long Jump by Jorma Valkama, the Finnish Champion.

In athletics, swimming and shooting, certain minimum qualifications are demanded from those wishing to enter the team. The Finns are well aware that they will have to work hard to reach international standards.

They pin their hopes in athletics on the 23-year-old runner, Valtteri Heistinen, who came second in the 400 metres in Bern after the Russian Arslan Igmatiev. Heistinen holds the Finnish records for 100, 200 and 400 metres with 10.9, 21.5 and 49.6 respectively.

There is a large group of young middle distance runners who can achieve times of 3.45 and under for the 1,500 metres.

Last year, the most successful of these was Olavi Vuorisalo, a 23-year-old postman, who beat the world record holder in the steeplechase, and Terry Chromik of Poland, for the 1,500 metres in an international competition between Finland and Poland. Vuorisalo's hitherto best time is 3.48.0.

Other runners of the same class are Olavi Saksola, Jorma Kalko, Matti Huttunen and Petti Erneker, all of them under 25, and Denis Johansson.

On the longer courses, 28-year-old Ilmari Taipale is the dominating runner with a record of 14.07.6 for the 5,000 metres and 29.38.4 for the 10,000 metres. A 27-year-old policeman, Eero Tuomala, is another promising long distance runner with 8.03.5 for the 3,000 metres.

Finland's foremost hope for a gold placing in athletics is the 31-year-old marathon runner, Velko Korvonen, who became European Champion in 1954. Owing to a back injury, he could not train for the Helsinki Games and only came fifth.

Other dependable Finnish marathon runners are Antti Viskari and Eino Oksanen, who came first and third in the Boston Marathon this year, and both of whom have achieved times of 2:25.00 on the full Marathon course.

Osvold Miltch is the best Finnish candidate for the 400 metre hurdles and Pentti Korvonen for the steeplechase. The former came third in the European Championships in Bern, with 51.5 and the latter last year twice set up a world record on this stretch.

He was later beaten by Chronik and John Daley of Britain.

The pole vaulter, Eeles Lantto, who made the European record last year of 40.00 centimetres, is an obvious candidate for the Olympic team.

In javelin throwing, for long a Finnish preserve, much is hoped for by a record holder, Salmi Nikkila.

who achieved 79.96 metres last year.

**BOXING**  
Pentti Hannula, who won the Gold Medal for bantamweight, boxing at the Helsinki Games is expected to compete in the featherweight class in Melbourne.

Risto Laakkonen in the bantamweight and Pentti Niinivuori in the lightweight are also expected to have chances of a medal.

The big names in wrestling are Kyoest Lehtinen, who came second in the last World Championship and who recently defeated the Swedish Gold Medal holder, Ole Anderberg, followed by Rauno Makiinen in the featherweight, Reijo Nykanen in the flyweight and Velko Lahti in the light-heavyweight.

The Finnish gymnastic team is believed to have a chance of a medal. The country's leading gymnast, Kalevi Suominen, recently showed himself equal to the best Russians in a competition in Budapest.

Among the candidates in shooting are Vilho Yloenen, who won the Silver Medal with miniature rifle and came fifth with free rifle and Pentti Linusvuo, who came fifth in silhouette shooting at the Helsinki Games.

The Finnish pentathlon team is also considered a strong bet in Melbourne.

The Finns will finance the team's visit to Australia by nationwide "Olympiad" collection. Private persons, institutions

## Ian Johnson Quite Confident Australia Will Win First Test

Melbourne, June 4.

Ian Johnson, captain of the Australian cricketers in England, told the Sun News Pictorial in a radio-telephonic interview last night that he was "quite confident" that Australia would win the first Test.

The Test begins at Nottingham on Thursday.

"I am quite confident that we will win, but both Colin McDonald and Ron Archer are doubtful starters," Johnson said.

"Better news for the team and Australia is that fast bowlers Ray Lindwall and Alan Davidson have every chance of being fit."

McDonald must still be considered doubtful because of his high muscle injury, and Archer had little chance of being available because of his strained back, he said.

Johnson said he had no intention of asking for replacements from Australia for his injured players, but he added that the run of injuries had upset the balance of match practice among the team. Some had had too much and some too little.

"If the breaks go our way I am certain that we will make a bold showing in the Test and I am still hopeful of bringing back the Ashes," Johnson said.

Johnson's good even game and the way the luck breaks could decide the result. Our luck, especially with injuries, has not been good so far and it is due for a change," China Mail Special.

## SIME AGAIN RUNS 9.3

Stockton, June 2.

Dave Sime equalled the world record again tonight in the 100-yard dash as he was clocked in 9.3 in the Pacific Association A.A.U. meet here.

Sime beat Mike Agostini of Fresno State and Trinidad by about two strides.

There was virtually no wind, and there was a loud cheer as Bob Page received his

and firms have already given 10,000,000 Marks (about £23,500) to it. The state football pool is also arranging a special "Olympiad" pool to help finance the venture.

The Finns will travel to Melbourne with the other Scandinavian teams in chartered aircraft which will fly via the North Pole and return via Asia—China Mail Special.

## Keith Martin Wins HKAAA Pentathlon

By "RECORDER"

LAC Keith Martin of RAF Mount Davis won the HKAAA Annual Pentathlon Championship at Caroline Hill Stadium yesterday with 1902 points. Peter Randles of RAF Little St. Paul was second with 1868 points and 2/Lt. Peter Boorman of 173 Locating Battery, RA, third with 1793 points.

Martin started with a Long Jump of 18 feet, ran the 200 Metres in 23.8 seconds, traced 118 feet 10 1/4 inches with the Javelin and 65 feet 7 inches with the Discus and concluded the afternoon's programme by running the 1500 Metres in 4 minutes 17.8 seconds.

Of the four competitors in the field of 10 who were expected to fight out first place, Martin was the only one to show average form. Randles, Boorman and Ng Chuan-wai did not come close to their best performances in any of the first four events.

In the concluding event, the 1500 Metres, Randles produced a very much unexpected 4 minutes 10 seconds to outrun Martin and Boorman. His second place in the overall score came as more of a surprise than Martin's first.

Other scores were: Ng Chuan-wai (HKUAC) 1058, Chau Yik-yun (SCAA) 1333, Leung Kam-ching (SCAA) 1289, Jack Highton (North Staffs) 1242, F. McKewen (RAF) 1117, D. A. Malden (Royal Navy) 1116 and T. Davis (RAF) 1098.

Pentathlons generally produce a few surprises and yesterday's did not lack these as Jack Highton, better known as a distance runner, managed fifth place in the Discus Throw with 66 feet 7 inches to outthrow five very much more muscular opponents and Donald Maiden, better known as a runner over immense distances, stormed through 200 Metres in 26.5 seconds.

## EVEN MAGIC

Malden also managed to make a javelin behave like a boomerang. How he did it remains a mystery. The javelin left his hand with its point sailing in the right direction, whizzed completely round in a full circle and landed a few feet away from the throwing line with its point against the direction of the throw. Had Malden fouled the throw by overrunning the line he would very probably have been impaled.

Most surprised man at the prize-giving was Peter Boorman, who explained his lack of success in the course of the competition by stating that it seemed to be a policy with him never to win anything more decorative than a medal.

A cup was presented to him as third prize.

Prizes and Standard Medals won during the season were given away by Mrs. Diana Page and there was loud cheer as Bob Page received his

## Strong French Challenge To Britain In The Derby As Usual

London, June 3.

Wednesday, June 6, is Derby Day, the biggest day of the year for the racing fraternity, a day when horse racing is on the lips of virtually everyone in Britain.

The magic of the race, lasting just over 2 1/2 minutes but with the tradition of 177 years behind it will draw hundreds of thousands to Epsom, near London. They will throng the furlong of grandstands, crowd the enclosures group round the famed Tattenham corner and spill over onto the downs to see another moment of turf history.

There were 39 final acceptors out of 382 entries for the race. Some have since been scratched and a field of about 30 are expected to canter to the start to battle over the undulating mile and a half for prize money totalling £20,450 sterling. To the winning owner will go £17,382 sterling, a niche in racing's hall of fame.



**DON'T WASTE WATER**

There seems less "character" than usual about this year's race and the laurels probably will not take so much winning as in previous years. The winner looks the harder to find because of this.

**FRENCH CHALLENGE**  
As usual there is a strong French challenge to Britain with a couple of Irish riders who might nip in to foil both.

For France Lavandier, Bulson, Ardent and Teniere seem to hold out the most hope. For Britain Pirate, King Induna and possibly Full Measure, Roister and outsider Al Molanah come from Ireland to try for the prize money.

There is also Articulate aimed by Irishman Joe McGrath but who is trained in England by Willie Stephenson.

Mr McGrath, who won with Arctic Prince in 1951 will be doubly represented. He also owns Roister, trained by his son Seamus at Sandford County, Dublin.

Lavandier owned by 67-year-old perfume king, M. Pierre Wertheimer, carries most of the Gallic money. He will probably retain favouritism to the "off".

Lavandier ambled home an easy winner over one mile at Longchamp over a month ago and though finishing only third over the Derby distance, he was excused because of being left too much to do in the closing stages. China Mail Special.

## THE GAMBOLS



## BARRY ABRAHAM



## GOLDEN CHURN





## FULL MEASURE LOOKS JUST BEHIND OUR TOP COLTS

By RICHARD BAERLEIN

It is interesting to note that the two leading English horses in the Derby betting, Full Measure and Gilles de Retz, are both by sires whom one would not expect to produce a Derby winner.

Pardal had not yet had the opportunity to be condemned out of hand as unsuitable to prove a classic sire, for he went to the stud only in 1952.

He combines the very best of his sire's blood and won more than £10,000 in stake money in England over not far short of a million francs in France.

But he never won against really good horses, and a third in the Epsom Derby and a victory in the Jockey Club Stakes were probably two of his best performances.

He was chiefly running against recent class colts and, in view of his being second, it would be surprising but not impossible if he produced a Derby winner for he was certainly not lacking in stamina.

### NO HOPE

There are two other points which can be held against Full Measure. The first is the fact that he could defeat Ardent Knight by only two lengths at level weights, over a mile and a quarter at Newbury.

Even allowing for the fact that he had something in hand and could have pulled out a bit more, I am quite certain

### MOTORING

#### Britain's Collins Wins Belgian Grand Prix Race

Francorchamps, June 3.

Peter Collins (Britain), driving a Ferrari, won the Belgian Grand Prix motor race—a World Championship event—today over 36 laps of a 14.12 kilometres (8.7 miles) course in 2 hours 40 minutes 0.3 seconds, an average of approximately 113 miles per hour.

The two favourites, Stirling Moss (Britain), Maserati, and Juan Manuel Fangio (Argentina), Ferrari, who had been expected to renew their rivalry in Grand Prix racing, were prevented by machine troubles from bidding for victory.—Reuter.

#### Hungarian Swimmer Sets Third World Best Performance

Budapest, June 3.

Hungarian swimmer Gyorgi Als today put up the third best world performance for the 200 metres butterfly breaststroke, with a time of 2 minutes, 25.9 seconds.

Als won the event at the Saint Margaret pool in Budapest, with his compatriot Gyorgi Turpek second, in two minutes, 27.4 seconds.

In another event, Maria Littomerleczki (Hungary) clocked one minute, 14.8 seconds in the ladies 100 metres butterfly breaststroke, the second best world performance in a 50 metres pool.—France-Press.

### PROMINENT GOLFER



A prominent overseas golf player is South Africa's Gary Player. This season he has given some brilliant performances. This picture shows him on the Glengades Hotel Golf Course, Perthshire.

## POMPEY AND WATERMAN IN TRAINING



Under the critical eye of trainer Snowy Buckingham, boxers Yolande Pompey (left) and Peter Waterman limber up in a London gymnasium as they each prepare for an important fight in their career. Pompey, who comes from Trinidad and has already reached the top rankings, is to meet America's World Light-Heavyweight Champion Archie Moore for his title on June 5 at Harringay, and on the same card Waterman meets Wally Thom.—Reuterphoto.

### What Does A Golfer Do When Things Begin To Go Wrong?

## Bousfield's Remedy Is To Play On—And On

By BOB FERRIER

Fred Corcoran is in London. Fred Corcoran is the former tournament manager for the American Professional Golfers' Association, a very big wheel in golf in the United States and now handling the administration of this month's Canada Cup contest at Wentworth, Surrey, on behalf of John Jay Hopkins, who is quite a figure in American industry.

Corcoran will confer with Brigadier-General A. C. Critchley, a sporting wheel of no lesser diameter, and Corcoran's British counterpart in the staging of the Wentworth international, involving more than a score of countries.

Third man of the foursome relevant to these thoughts is Harry Weetman from Groun Hurst, deviously by way of Shropshire, who is still busy booming out fierce drives, blasting up his approach shots and not quite holding some putts.

### 'LIKE A BOMB'

Weetman shared top money at the drop of the first hat this season at Moor Park, was in the middle of the money at Sunningdale, and did much the same in the third lottery at Edinburgh's Bannockburn last week.

But what of the fourth man of this quartet, Ken Bousfield? He has to play in the Cup with Weetman.

Last year Bousfield was the Match play champion, PGA Champion and Belgian Open Champion. He was "going like a bomb."

Match play at Walton Heath he "walked round in a dream world of my own, talking to no one, hitting the ball beautifully. Then each hole was bucket-size, each ball in the tee looked as big as a football. Now the holes look like thimbles, the ball as small as a button.

Now, on his own word, he is playing badly." He says: "Last year I could do no wrong. I played a lot of good golf with Dai Rees in India in the winter. With the snow in February, of course we all had to quit for a time, but then in that challenge match with John Jacobs against Weetman and Lees, in March, I still hit the ball well. But at Moor Park it was gone."

### Baseball Results

National League			
	R	H	E
Philadelphia	9	15	0
St. Louis	3	9	3
New York	2	10	2
Cincinnati	7	10	1
Pittsburgh	3	0	0
Milwaukee	1	7	1
Chicago	3	0	0
Brooklyn	4	9	1
American League			
	R	H	E
Chicago	12	17	1
Baltimore	0	7	3
Cleveland	2	13	1
Washington	4	10	1
Detroit	0	9	0
Kansas City	0	9	0
New York	2	10	3
St. Louis	0	11	1



HARRY WEETMAN—in the money again.

breaks his game right down to dust. He moves one finger a fraction or the grip. He edges one foot forward or back a shade at the address.

He puts an inch on or slices an inch off his back swing. He leaves, as you might say, no doubt returned. He puts a mental microscope on his game, but he does not always find the rotting tissue. Bousfield has not found it because it is infinitesimal.

### IMPORTANT

The remedy? There is none except play on, play on, play through—and hope. Says Bousfield: "I feel very fit and well and have no private problems that I know of that might affect my play. I shall make no special training plans for the Canada Cup."

"We will be playing at Wentworth in the Duke tournament 10 days before, and that should be practice enough. Like every golfer, I have my sights set on the Open, but of course I consider the Canada Cup very important, too."

"You cannot press this thing. You simply just must play as well as you know how, and have patience with it. It comes to all of us."

So we must let young Ken wrestle with it, wish him well, and hope that all will be right on the night.

But Oh those shadows standing in wings—they are the shadows of Hogan and Snead!

(London Express Service). (COPYRIGHT)

## MOORE TO KEEP HIS TITLE— BUT POMPEY WILL MAKE HIM WORK FOR IT

Says DENNIS HART

We sat at the window of a hotel overlooking the West Country market town of Devizes. The sun shone and everything looked peaceful.

But inside that hotel room the atmosphere was tense. The taut little man beside me clenched his fists and grimly declared: "I want more than anything to win this fight. I don't care if I never train another winner."

The speaker was Snowy Buckingham, trainer of Yolande Pompey who, at Harringay on June 5, fights Archie Moore for the World Light-Heavyweight title. Snowy is a little Cockney with white hair. Normally he is never without a cheery Cockney smile.

But today he had a hard look. Around us lay the day's newspapers. Big headlines proclaimed that when it came to beating Moore, Pompey hadn't the ghost of a chance.

That was why Snowy didn't smile. And that is one more reason why he has dedicated himself to getting Pompey into perfect condition. He has received one hundred per cent co-operation from the other man in the team—Yolande Pompey.

### MAN OF ACTION

Pompey is a man of many punches in the ring, of few words outside it. Whenever people talk of boxing as a sport for louts I like to tell them about this quiet-spoken Trinidadian.

In the toughest of trades he has had the roughest of deals. He came to England five years ago as an eager middleweight. In his first fight in London he stopped the late Dave Sands, then Empire Middleweight Champion. For this he was promised an Empire title fight. Unfortunately Sands was killed in a car crash. Randolph Turpin became Empire Middleweight king. Pompey was promised a fight with him. Always good reasons were put forward for Turpin to meet someone else.

Pompey became a Cruiser-weight. He beat American Jimmy Slade, conqueror of Don Cockrell, in a fight labelled an eliminator for the world crown. That was three years ago.

Small wonder that even Pompey's patience began to run out. And Archie Moore hasn't helped. Remember when their fight should have taken place? Last December. But Archie Arch suddenly realised that Pompey wasn't such a push-over and that he wanted more time to prepare—even months. He got it piecemeal, giving a different excuse each time.

## Beharrell Wins Amateur Golf Championship

Troon, June 2. Eighteen-year-old John Beharrell today became the youngest player to win the British Amateur Gold Championship.

It was his first bid for the title and experts are acclaiming him a new "find" in British golf. Beharrell, of Little Aston, near Birmingham, beat Leslie Taylor, a 32-year-old Scottish international, by 5 and 4 in the 36-hole final without ever being in arrears.

He won the first hole lost the second and then established mastery by taking three in a row from the fourth. He was four up at the end of the first round. Then Taylor fought back so well that he won four successive holes but Beharrell did not crack under this. He checked the assault of his rival and went off again to win with four holes to spare.

So ended the first all-British final to this event since 1939, the first Anglo-Scottish final since 1920 and the first time an Englishman has won since 1933 when the Hon. Michael Scott beat the late Dale Boun in an All English match.—Reuter.

## Henry Armstrong Recovers From Convulsive Seizure

Los Angeles, June 3.

The Reverend Henry Armstrong, only man in boxing history to hold three World Championships simultaneously, was reported out of danger today following a convulsive seizure.

Mr Armstrong, 43, was stricken at his home last night and taken to hospital. His doctor said the attack apparently followed a digestive disorder.

"There is no indication of brain or nervous system damage," he added. His condition improved enough for him to receive visitors, including his wife. But he will remain in hospital for several days of medical tests.—China Mail Special.

## Dane Killed In European Auto Race Crash

Salamanca, Spain, June 3. One Dane was killed and another seriously injured in a crash near the Spanish-Portuguese border today during the European auto rally.

The accident occurred at 15 kilometers from Salamanca on the Salamanca-Lisbon highway. A hospital spokesman said no further details were available because the injured man could not speak Spanish, English or French, only languages for which a translator was available.—United Press.

### Record Equalled

Compton, Calif., June 2. Ira Murchison yesterday equalled the world 100 metres sprint record with a time of 10.3 seconds.

The record is held jointly by Jesse Owens, H. Davis, N. Ewell and Bobby Morrow of the United States, Neke Hogan of Australia, L. La Beach of Panama, B. McDonald Bailey of Britain and H. Fubner of Germany.—France-Press.

What with the brush-offs and how the write-offs Yolande Pompey is rarin' to go.

### LIKE A DEMON

He has trained like a demon. Said crack boxer Tommy Gosling when he looked in at Pompey's training quarters: "I've seen many outsiders in my business and if that is what they are calling Pompey he is the fittest outsider I've ever seen."

When it comes to boxing's finer points Pompey is not in Moore's class. Many critics have not been slow to point this out. They needn't have bothered. Pompey candidly admits it. "Pompey is a fighter. If they want me to turn him into a classical boxer overnight? It would do more harm than good. We aren't making any special plans for Moore. As far as that goes Pompey is treating this as just another fight."

"Another thing," says Snowy warning to his subject, "there is Pompey's weight. When he goes into the ring against Moore he'll only scale 12 stone 2lbs, five pounds inside the limit. 'Too small,' people say. But that is his best fighting weight. What's the use of carrying another five pounds for the sake of it?"

What does it all add up to? Answer: A grand scrap. If it comes to a matter of points then it must be Moore's verdict. You don't fight for twenty years without learning more than a few tricks of the trade.

THE BIG PUNCH But I've a hunch that this title will be decided by the big

punch. Here, too, Moore has the edge, remember the way he floored Marceliano?

But Pompey can dish it out. Any doubters are cordially invited to consult Monsieur Marcel Lemaire, the Belgian Heavyweight Champion who has been Pompey's chief sparring partner. In one early session a Pompey left hook knocked Marcel cold. And that's something some of Britain's top Heavyweights have failed to do.

Yes, it should be a terrific scrap ending with a terrific punch. And don't be too surprised if that punch is a Pompey left.

(London Express Service). (COPYRIGHT)

## Auxiliary Fire Service Orders

No. 21. Orders by Mr Peter Cheung, Acting Superintendent, Auxiliary Fire Service of June 2, 1956.

Enrolment: W. K. (HCC) R. M. Pao: A. J. Khan: (HCC) HCC) Chan Ching-ling, Cheung Chak-chuen, Ho Chun-king, Law Tak-ling, Wong Cheung-kin w.e.f. 22.6.56.

Training Allowance: Instruction Allowances for the month of April, 1956 are ready for collection during usual training nights until 10.00 p.m. Leave: D. O. (HCC) Norman F. C. Li granted 3 months' sick leave w.e.f. 2.5.56; L. O. (HCC) Tan Chak-lam granted 1 month's leave w.e.f. 2.5.56; Pn. No. 1008 (HCC) Chan Kwok-tat granted 3 months' sick leave w.e.f. 30.5.56. (Sgd) K. A. BARR, Ag. D/Supt. A.F.S.



Although the work of the Hong Kong Anti-Tuberculosis Association is planned to meet the needs of this particular community, it is also part of the universal effort to eradicate tuberculosis. Scientists, doctors and others specialising in the treatment of tuberculosis throughout the world have made great discoveries during the last few years, and the fruits of their labours are being made available to sufferers from this disease here in Hong Kong by the Hong Kong Anti-Tuberculosis Association.

The future development and extension of the work of the Association depends very largely upon the Annual Appeal for funds, and it is good to remember that every donation represents an investment in health protection for our children and for ourselves.

Cheques should be crossed and addressed: The Hong Kong Anti-Tuberculosis Association c/o Lowe Bingham & Matthews, Alexandra House, or c/o South China Morning Post, Ltd.

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## PHOTOGRAPHS by our Staff Photographers

Italian National Day  
Y's Men's Club Dinner  
K.G.V. School Open Day  
Yachting at Koller Island  
American Club Fashion Show  
Swimming Finals at Chung Sing  
Opening of New Gurkha Hospital  
Lady Grantham Opens Red Cross Bazaar  
True Light Middle School Anniversary Celebration  
H.K. Regt. Mounts Guard at Government House  
Wreath Laying at Sai Wan Cemetery  
Football Association Dance & Presentation  
Tennis Exhibition at H.K.C.C.  
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## TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

American Situation  
Far From Rosy

New York, June 3.  
Is the United States headed for a depression?

The experts say: No.  
But, they admit, everything isn't as rosy as it was just a few months ago.

Here's how the future looks to the experts:

1. A wide business upturn is unlikely now.
2. A third quarter letdown will undoubtedly take place with a strong fourth-quarter pickup carrying over in 1957.
3. The U.S. economy, despite some soft spots—namely, the auto industry—is still basically sound.
4. There's a good chance that 1956 will show some mild gains, or at worst, approximate the economic levels of 1955. Give or take a few points on the industrial barometer, that will still be a fine showing, the experts insist. Last year was the best in U.S. history.

## Slowing Down

Most of the crystal-gazing so far has been confined to 1956. One thing becomes more obvious by day: Few, if any, responsible economic experts anticipate anything like depression along the lines of 1929.

They talk more in terms of the economy slowing down to a "rot from a gallop." Others see it as undergoing a period of "economic digestion." Still others talk in terms of "rolling adjustments."

One basic fact stands out in all the talk and speculation about the future: A lot of people are still working, making more money than ever before and are making big plans for spending it over the next few months. And, business, too, shares in this optimism. They're planning to spend a whopping \$9 billion dollars to back up their confidence in the future.

But despite these evidences of plenty, a lot of Americans are showing increasing concern over the future of the economy. The failure of some segments of the economy to keep pace with the high level of activity elsewhere.

There is a lower trend in agricultural machinery. Farmers' income is down and they are not buying like they did last year. Consequently the industry has had big layoffs and production cutbacks.

Also on the downside is the television and appliance industries, cotton and synthetic textiles. And just this week the rubber industry—hit by the setback in autos—reports mounting tyre stocks, also some layoffs.

Undoubtedly the rest of the year these industries will muddle down. But in the overall a lot of people still have jobs.

## Big Worry

In fact more people are working now than at this time last year. Total employment in the U.S. in April was 63,990,000. This is a rise of more than 1,000,000 over March. In April, 1955, total employment was 61,095,000. Unemployment has gone down also. In April the jobless numbered 2,664,000, a decline of 270,000 from March. The April total is a 13 per cent drop from the April 1955 total, when it was 2,934,000.

But the big worry right now is the auto industry—and to a limited extent, the erratic nature of the stock market. Some 14,000 million in market valuations have eroded since the highs of April 6.

Auto—with steel—are considered major props to the U.S. economy. The reason is obvious. It is the biggest user of steel and rubber. It's also a major user of glass, copper, zinc, lead, aluminum and a host of other materials.

The news here is not good. Some 100,000 new cars are being sold at tremendous discounts. The long-awaited spring pickup has apparently failed to materialize. It now looks that the industry will have a tough time whitening about 100,000 cars from current inventory totals. Meanwhile top industry spokesmen have revised downward their sales estimates for 1956. A few months ago many hoped to sell about 6,500,000 autos but now it's felt that it will be only 6,000,000. Production meanwhile is being cut back in line with reduced demand. So far this year, it's about 24.5 per cent below the year-ago levels. About the only good news these days is in truck production, only about one per cent below the year-ago pace.

## In Bad Shape

Now some 100,000 auto workers are jobless. Thousands of them will probably be jobless in the auto industry as well as in dependent industries. And it doesn't look as if the situation will improve substantially in the near future.

Right now, according to auto industry leader Walter P. Reuther, the industry "is in very bad

shape." So much so, that he's given notice that his union will now seek a reduced work-week at 40 hours pay in future labour negotiations. Meanwhile the government has labelled four manufacturing centres as "distressed areas." This entitles them to Federal aid. This past week 65 million in defence contracts were added to the hard-hit Detroit area. This will help some, but it will not solve the industry's problems.

The stock market meanwhile continues on the defensive. And this is worrying a lot of people, many of whom look upon the market as a reflection of things to come. The experts see the 14,000 million loss in market valuations was largely due to technical nature. They see the market softness resulting not so much from selling pressure as from a contraction of buying interest. Investors, it's reasoned, are apparently willing to remain on the sidelines pending some further clarification of the economic picture.

A favourable aspect of the market selloff has been the absence of any large scale liquidation. Trading in the past three weeks—the market closed lower in 15 out of the last 16 sessions—has failed to hit the 3 million a day share. Another strong element in the market's decline is the apparent disinclination of large institutional investors—trusts, pension funds, etc.—to reach their holdings.

## Still Strong

Wall Streeters feel that basically the economy is strong. It's felt prices will get a lift as the uncertainty clears. Backstopping the market is the expectation of high earnings and dividends, easier credit, prospects of a boost in steel prices.

Offsetting these soft spots in the economy, are near-capacity operations in many other important segments. Construction—despite a 20 per cent lag in home building—will set new records this year. Operations are at or near peak levels in steel, basic metals, cement, paper and industrial machinery industries.

Steel production—which many think will ease 10 to 15 per cent from current levels this summer—looks for a good fourth quarter. The industry is planning a spend billions for new expansion.

In a comparison with record 1955, the U.S. industrial machine still stacks up favourably. Steel ingot production last week was 23 per cent better than the year-ago pace; electric power output up 11.8 per cent; bituminous coal production, up 5.9 per cent.

And stock prices of the 30 industrials in the Dow-Jones average were still higher by 11.4 per cent.

## Good Reading

Earnings of major corporations—outside of autos and auto parts—are high. The only major industries to register lower earnings at the first quarter this year were aircraft manufacturers and railroads.

And the experts think the next few months will make for good reading also, some say earnings and dividends will surpass the 1955 totals.—United Press.

Cotton Futures  
Mixed Week

By William T. Plunkett

New York, June 3.

Cotton futures ended a holiday shortened week of slow trading with mixed price changes. At Friday's close the list ruled eight points lower to 26 points higher, or 40 cents a bale to \$1.30 a bale higher than the preceding week.

Preoccupation with July contract adjustments dominated the market until the end of the week when Washington developments came to the fore. A smart post-holiday rally in new crop month reflected:

1. A higher mid-May parity price; 2. Postponement of government sales for export out of the surplus stock for two weeks; 3. Agriculture Secretary Mr. Benson's announcement of better payments under the soil-bank law to farmers who take excess acreage out of production this year.

## Bales Held

July contracts edged up to 34.75 cents a pound, established the best level in 12 months then settled back to close the trading level at 34.50 cents a pound.

Third Quarter Will Test  
US Economy  
SOME LETDOWN IN ACTIVITY  
IS GENERALLY EXPECTED

By JOHN MORKA

New York, June 3.

The third quarter appears to be shaping up as the test ground for the U.S. economy. Some letdown in economic activity is generally expected. This will probably be due to the usual summertime shutdowns for vacations, plant rehabilitation—and in the case of the auto industry for model changeovers.

The key to the future, in the opinion of many, is whether the generally anticipated third quarter letdown will be more than seasonal.

HONGKONG  
STOCK  
EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to approximately \$500,000. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

Shares	Buyers	Sellers	Sales
BANKS			
HK Bank	1040	1030	10 @ 1040
East Asia			220
INSURANCES			
Shanghai			40
Waterbury			20
DOCKS, ETC.			
K. Wharf	80 1/2		100 @ 80
DOCK			
Wharf	13.40	13.30	400 @ 8.70
LAND, ETC.			
HK Land	13.40	13.30	500 @ 62 1/2
Real Estate	1.45	1.40	500 @ 1.45
RUBBER			
Latex	1.275		400 @ 1.325
Trunk	1.425		200 @ 1.375
UTILITIES			
Electric	22.50	22.70	300 @ 22.60
Gas	22.50	22.70	300 @ 22.60
Light (N)	19.50	20.00	100 @ 19.50
Electric	20 1/2	20 1/2	100 @ 19.50
Water	19.50	20 1/2	100 @ 19.50
Telephone	22.50	22.70	200 @ 22.60
Gas	22.50	22.70	200 @ 22.60
INDUSTRIALS			
Cement	34 1/2	34 1/2	100 @ 34 1/2
Steel	11.70		
Steel	10.10	10.10	500 @ 10.40
Steel	10.30	10.30	500 @ 10.50
Steel			500 @ 1.80
Steel			7.00
Steel			5.25
Steel			6.75
Steel			0.30
Steel			0.30

## Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:

U.S. dollar (per \$1)	0.84
Sterling notes (per £1)	15.70
Australian notes (per £1)	14.40
Indonesian rupiah (per 100)	17.10
Singapore (per 100)	20.40
Singapore (Straits)	1.82

## Wage Increases

By buying in the open market the Reserve adds to the volume of credit in the nation's money market. Thus far, however, the Federal Reserve is showing no signs of panicking into lifting the credit clamps it imposed in April by raising the rediscount rate—the fifth such in a year. This is taken by the experts to mean the Board—still inflationist, rather than deflationist—is the potential danger to the nation's well-being.

Last week, with the steel industry locked in negotiations with the military steelworkers' union, and with other industries expected also to press for a new round of wage increases, there was considerable speculation as to the inflationary (if any) implications of wage rises. Steel industry is matched by several other groups—textiles, bank deposits, steel—are thus "deprived" of part of the real value of their holdings.—United Press.

## Deprived

The Bank finds "beyond question" that a rise in unit labour cost has been roughly paralleled by the increase in the price of the product. Workers' earnings have had to pay more for their products.

This means, the Bank added, that persons dependent on fixed incomes, such as pensioners, school grants, benevolent bank deposits, are thus "deprived" of part of the real value of their holdings.—United Press.

There is no unanimity of opinion on this score. Some insist that certain minus signs in the economy will have been rectified by autumn and thus set a base for a fourth quarter pickup.

Many feel that the new model autos will be a good reception from the public and help ease conditions in the industry—now under pressure from a backlog of some 200,000 unsold cars. Experts will also be watching to see how the public spends at retail levels. When the consumer withdraws from the market, the line even to proposed capital goods programmes.

## Steel Wages

Right now the retail volume has been at a rate of about 575 million daily, compared with about 585 million a year ago.

Automotive products generally account for about 20 per cent of the retail dollar.

Attention will also be focused on the current steel wage negotiations. Steel unions—representing some 650,000 in the industry—are demanding sizable wage increases. The steel industry has been saying that any wage rises will have to be offset by price increases. Thus the outcome of the negotiations could have significant effect on second half business prospects and price patterns. Present wage pacts expire on June 30. There has meanwhile been considerable buying of steel for inventory on fears of strike this summer.

This was a holiday-shortened week for Americans. Auto products hit new lows for the year, with many plants remaining shut down over the Wednesday holiday until Monday in order to further balance production against dwindling sales. This week's production will probably be under 100,000 compared to 143,000 a year ago. Production so far this year totals 2.7 million cars and 491,923 trucks. A year ago, equivalent output, 3.5 million and 514,511 trucks.

Meanwhile the Federal Reserve Board—under fire for its "tight money" policy aimed at curbing inflation and price spirals—has over the past few weeks been in its position. Some see the Board's decision this past week to buy Treasury bills in open market operations a gradual shift in the direction of easier money.

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This means, the Bank added, that persons dependent on fixed incomes, such as pensioners, school grants, benevolent bank deposits, are thus "deprived" of part of the real value of their holdings.—United Press.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York, in its monthly review of business, finds that there is now "undeniably a wage-price spiral which is tending to cheapen the dollar and which can be eliminated only if wage increases can be held in line with gains in productivity."

"The record shows," the Bank concluded, "that money wages have risen faster than productivity and that the average unit labour cost has risen accordingly, not only during and since World War II but for some years before."

The Bank finds that the total increases in average hourly earnings of factory workers between 1947-49 (base period) and 1955 amounted to 41 per cent equivalent to a compound rate of about 5 per cent annually. Productivity or average output per man-hour, also has risen. Except in 1951, productivity has lagged behind hourly earnings in relation to the 1947-49 base period. The rise amounted to 30 per cent, representing an annual rate of about 3 1/2 per cent.

## Physical Output

This relationship—as to wages, productivity and prices—holds true over a longer period also, the Bank insists. It cites a recent report by the National Association of Manufacturers in this connection. Titled "A New Force for Inflation," it's caused considerable comment in American business circles.

Between 1939 and 1953, the NAM said, the pay received by employees in manufacturing plants for each man-hour of their work increased by 180 per cent. During the same period, the physical output per man-hour rose by only 28 per cent. The result was a rise of 110 per cent in average labour cost per unit of product.

The index of industrial prices increased by 100 per cent during the 1939-1955 period, according to NAM.

Meanwhile the consumers' price index advanced by 93 per cent, thus cutting labour gains in real wages to 60 per cent.

"The balance of labour's wage gains in excess of the increase in productivity was absorbed by decreases in the shares of the gross proceeds of private business going to other segments of the economy," according to the NAM.

The US Steel Corporation found also that between 1940 and 1955 the average annual increase in its employment cost per employee hour amounted to 8.0 per cent and the average annual increase in all costs per employee hour was 6.0 per cent.

Prices of steel increased from 1940 to 1955 by 110 per cent; the company found. But it added, while the industry was forced to raise its prices to help underwrite these new employment costs, none of that increase has resulted in widening the percentage spread between costs and sales prices since US steel income as a per cent of sales was less in 1955 than in 1940, despite 1955's higher rate.

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WEEKLY US  
TEXTILE  
MARKETS  
REVIEW

New York, June 3.

Sellers of grey and finished cotton goods last week reported one of the duller trading periods of the year.

The gradual business slowdown witnessed during the month of May came to a virtual standstill while buyers divided attention between the "dreadful" weather with the adverse effect in retail apparel sales, and the sagging stock market trend. The mid-week Memorial Day observance, along with erratic price swings in raw cotton, and the impending vacation period for mill and finishing plant workers, proved additional handicaps, mill executives said. Brokers reported most of the interest was "conversational," but despite the practical business stalemate, prices held steady in most categories. The reason, experts said, is the fact that the mills still have substantial order backlogs, with production on some basic print cloth, yarn fabrics earmarked for two months ahead.

## MORE INTEREST

Moreover, buyers started to show a little more interest in future deliveries, although actual purchasing was negligible. Some cautious felt a business pick-up can be expected sometime between mid-June and the fourth of July when the automobile industry, and the apparel trades will begin ordering for new lines.

A closing note was drawn from Agriculture Secretary Mr. Benson's announcement that some form of help for U.S. textile mills is "inevitable" to help them compete in the export market. The Agriculture Department has been studying subsidy schemes to overcome the advantage of foreign mills which buy raw cotton cheaper than US mills.

The hard fibre market remained dull and featureless. Rayon traders reported a sporadic improvement in the market, although a continued "quiet" market. Some grey goods sellers may want to get the goods through the dye house before the vacation closings get under way.—United Press.

Ceylon Government  
Helps Private Trade

Colombo, June 3.

The Government will assist private trade to enter working agreements for the purpose of importing various types of goods from China.

By allowing the import of Chinese goods the government intends to reduce the amount due to Ceylon from China on rubber sales. Inquiries reveal a variety of Chinese goods will have a market in Ceylon. These goods include textiles, chemicals, iron goods, toys and preserved foodstuffs.

Meanwhile, members of the Ceylon Teachers Association who returned from an educational and good will mission to Red China said the Chinese were developing along with their health forces educational and health programmes and industries. In her five-year plan, China made provision to build 60 universities. The Chinese Government has said it intends to invite foreign students to China.—United Press.

The Bank Of England  
Statement

London, June 3.

The Bank of England statement for the week ended May 30, reads as follows:

Notes in circulation ... 1,571,273,340

Public deposits ... 14,772,545

Foreign deposits ... 2,000,000

Government securities ... 877,901,000

Other securities ... 2,201,150

Reserves ... 93

—United Press.

The Bank Of France  
Statement

Paris, June 3.

The Bank of France statement for the week ended May 24, reads as follows:

Gold and foreign ... 551,300,000,000

Notes and currency ... 15,000,000,000

Advances to ... 15,000,000,000

Current accounts ... 15,000,000,000

—United Press.

London Market  
Barely  
Escaped Crash

By C. T. Hallinan

London, June 3.

Stock markets ended this past week absolute flat, having escaped an old-fashioned "1929" crash by inches or by, say a half-hour.

The index of the market value of high-grade industrials fell 5 full points on Friday to 176.1 compared with 181.1 on Thursday and 191.2 a month ago. This took place in complete disregard of a brisk recovery in Wall Street and meant that the Chancellor's repeated warnings against the "wage-price spiral" had suddenly struck home. Dangers had suddenly become vivid.

But the Chancellor is not in a very strong position politically. If, months ago, he had campaigned to induce the company managements to reduce prices and not to increase their dividends his appeal to the leaders of the trade unions would go down better. There is still a boom—except in the motor industry—and it still makes a noise like a boom with higher earnings and in many, many cases, higher dividends. A "wage freeze" unaccompanied by a "dividend freeze" (whether voluntary or involuntary) would appear to be extremely difficult.

## Marked Down

British Government stocks fell heavily all week, down at least 20s with Old Consols and "Dartons" down 26s 9d and War Loan down 23s 9d; the railway nationalisation bonds slumped 27s 6d.

In some cases the declines included an allowance for going ex-dividend but the picture is fairly accurate in reflecting the fear that the prevailing high interest rates must persist for a good long while instead of being whittled lower.

Leading industrials were virtually all marked down to discounts. Rolls Royce and Unilever lost 4 shillings followed by stone shares like Woolworths, Marks and Spencer and Great Universal Stores all down around 3s while austere issues like Courtaulds, Imperial Chemicals, Bawit Paper and Associated Electric lost around 2s 6d.

All of these enjoy a certain amount of automatic buying on any decline and may display temporary strength when markets open on Monday.

## Foreign Bonds

Oils lost ground despite their prestige and the handsome quarterly earnings report issued during the week by the Royal Dutch-Shell group. Shell held its ground but Royal Dutch lost 7s 6d. British Petroleum 4s 6d and Burmah 5s 6d.

Mining shares were largely out of the picture. They would also want to know they could ship their wool promptly without the risk of its being declared "black" by unionists who handled it.—United Press.



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MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1956.

## AN ASTONISHINGLY FINE YOUNG SINGER

A young newcomer to Hongkong made her first public appearance at the Sino-British Music Group Chamber Concert on Friday night at St Stephen's Girls' College Hall. Miss Joan Hadland, a soprano singer who received her musical training at the Royal Manchester College of Music, has a voice of beauty and purity such as not been heard here in this writer's memory; intonation is perfect, and the effortless power is astonishing.

This voice could fill an opera house and outsize a full orchestra. As, always with a powerful voice, special attention must be given to clarity of diction, and Miss Hadland needs to be careful about this.

Miss Hadland sang a group of very fine German "Lieder," beginning with Brahms's "Von ewiger Liebe" (Eternal Love). This is a triumphantly dramatic song at any time, and its impact was all the stronger for the unexpectedly fine quality of the singer's voice and rendering. In spite of her obvious youth, Miss Hadland interpreted this song with sincere feeling and maturity.

Two Schubert songs followed, "Love has lied," bitter and tragic, and "To Music," serene and thankful. Her last song was by Hugo Wolf, a short, joyous realization of spring's arrival.

### AN OVATION

She received an ovation such as is seldom heard at these concerts, and responded by singing the last song again. There must have been a lump in a good many throats by the end of this group of songs.

This young singer, given further opportunities, should go far; perhaps even some way along the same path followed by the late Kathleen Ferrier, the great contralto, whom some of Miss Hadland's qualities brought to mind now and again, particularly her warmth, purity and power. All the songs (particularly "Von ewiger Liebe") have fine accompaniments; and Miss Hadland accompanied as always with distinction.

The programme had opened with a Trio in one movement for Violin, Viola and Piano, by Arnold Bax. This is a curious work, in which the three parts often seem to continue melodically independent, bearing no relationship to each other, until the end, where they suddenly knit together. It is an early

work of Bax, written shortly after the turn of the century, and it appears to be consciously discordant and experimental. It was competently played by Professor Arrigo Foa, violin, Mr. E. A. R. Alves, viola, and Miss Isolda Abreu, piano. But we have enjoyed these excellent musicians better in other work.

Miss Grace Tang gave a pleasant group of piano solos, consisting of two Arabesques, extremely different in every way, by Schumann and Debussy; and Ravel's charming "Jeux d'eau." She is a neat and nimble player and keeps the music flowing. Her fingerwork has limpidity and crispness, but the pedalling is rather too heavy, a tendency sometimes evident in playing "impressionistic" music. We look forward to hearing Miss Tang, as she develops, in works which demand more depth and more interpretative qualities.

### STRING QUARTET

The second part of the concert was taken up by Haydn's String Quartet in C major, op. 33 No. 3, known as "The Bird" on account of certain grace notes and figures which appear in the first and third movements. It was played by Mr. Cheng Chik-pui, first violin, Mr. J. T. L. Chan, second violin, Mr. M. H. Fan, viola, and Mr. Frank Huang, cello. This now well-established quartet gave a well-rehearsed and satisfactory performance of this very lovely work. Mr. Cheng is wise to concentrate on Haydn and Mozart.

Which leads us to comment that Mozart was not represented at this concert. But the next Sino-British Music Group Concert will be an all-Mozart

## SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Do you still feel like going steady. Howard?"

## SOLICITORS WITHDRAW: APPEAL DISMISSED

An order that Messrs Deacons had ceased to be the solicitors acting for the appellants in an appeal case relating to estate was made by the Full Court this morning.

The Full Court comprising the Chief Justice, Mr Justice M. J. Hogan, the Senior Puisne Judge, Mr Justice C. W. Reece and the Acting Puisne Judge, Mr Justice J. Reynolds also dismissed the appeal with costs to be paid by the appellants who were not present in Court.

Appellants who were the defendants in the original action were Chow Kung-shi, alias Kung Miu-ku and Chow Tang-shi alias Tan Kan-sing.

The respondents (plaintiffs in the action) were Chow Chun-shi, alias Chan Yuk-ku and Chow Chan-shi alias Chan Oi-ku.

Appellants were the "unlucky" widow and sixth concubine of Chow Chung-ho, late of 174 Portland Street and the respondents the third and fourth concubines of the deceased.

Respondents were represented by Mr Brook Bernacchi, instructed by Mr P. C. Woo of Messrs P. C. Woo and Company.

Mr Richard Winter, instructed by Messrs Deacons, said he was making an application under order 7, rule 4 of the English practice for an order that Messrs Deacons had ceased to act as solicitors for the appellants in the case.

Justice, Mr Winter said that the appellants had been so notified, and he referred the Court to paragraph 8 of Mr Wong's affidavit in which it was stated that Mr Wong had on May 30 given a letter to the appellants giving them notice that Messrs Deacons had ceased to be their solicitors in the appeal.

### NO RESPONSE

The Chief Justice said that it would be appropriate for appellants to be called. They might have something to say.

When the names of the appellants were called, there was no response, and the Court thereupon gave the order sought.

Mr Winter said that the appellants were called, and they might have something to say.

### NOTHING DONE

Counsel said that this was a case in which in his discretion the learned Trial Judge ordered a trust corporation to administer the estate. Matters were being fully arranged with the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (Trustee) Ltd. a draft form of the order, which they desired was being prepared for presentation to the Trial Judge when suddenly disbursements were withdrawn from the appellants' former solicitors and the appeal, entered, said Counsel, from there on nothing had been done.

There was also the question of whether the Court had jurisdiction to entertain the appeal. Mr Bernacchi said and referred the Court to the order in the case (Cheung Sui-dim (appellant) and Cheung Yui-

lam (respondent) reported in 32 Hongkong Law reports. He said that the principles of the case were approved by another Full Court in Liu King-ming versus the Crown reported in 37 Hongkong Law reports where it was sought to appeal to the Full Court from a decision of a Judge of the Supreme Court sitting on appeal from the Magistrate. It was held that the Full Court had no jurisdiction to hear the further appeal.

"A multitude of reasons," Mr Bernacchi said, "I ask your Lordships to dismiss the appeal (a) because the appellants are not in Court, (b) because there is no record here and (c) because in my submission the Full Court has no jurisdiction to entertain it."

## Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. 6. Time Signal and Programme Summary: 6.02, Stock Market Report; 6.05, The Malacca Straits; 6.10, Australian Magazine; 6.15, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 6.20, Middle East; 6.25, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 6.30, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 6.35, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 6.40, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 6.45, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 6.50, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 6.55, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.00, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.05, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.10, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.15, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.20, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.25, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.30, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.35, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.40, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.45, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.50, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 7.55, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 8.00, "Box 200" Bert Giffert at the Organ; 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